

Linear System Reduced Echelon Form

Definition

A matrix is in **reduced echelon form** if

1. Any rows consisting entirely of zeros are grouped at the bottom of the matrix.
2. The first nonzero element of each other row is 1. This element is called a **leading 1**.
3. The leading 1 of each after the first is positioned to the right of the leading 1 of the previous row.
4. All other elements in a column that contains a leading 1 are zero.

In Reduced Echelon Form

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

B

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

C

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

D

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

E

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

F

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

ans =

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Not in Reduced Echelon Form

G

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Row of zeros
not at bottom
of matrix

H

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

First nonzero
element in row
2 is not 1

I

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Leading 1 in
row 3 not to the
right of leading
1 in row 2

J

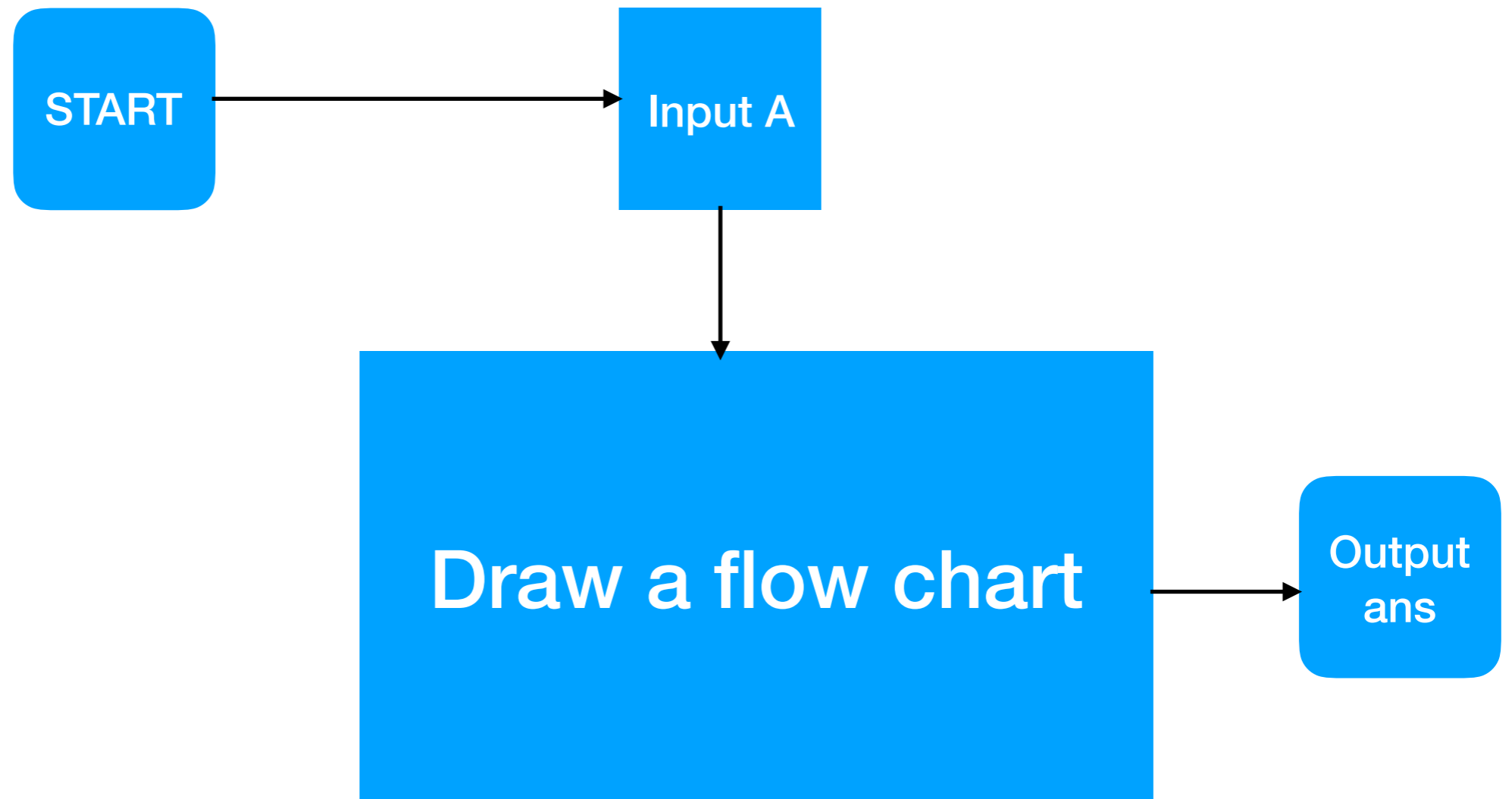
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Nonzero
element above
leading 1 in
Row 2

Main problem

- Check if a given matrix is in reduced echelon form or not

% Main problem 1
function ans = ck_ref(A)



Problem 1

- Check the first condition. Any rows consisting entirely of zeros should be grouped at the bottom of the matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



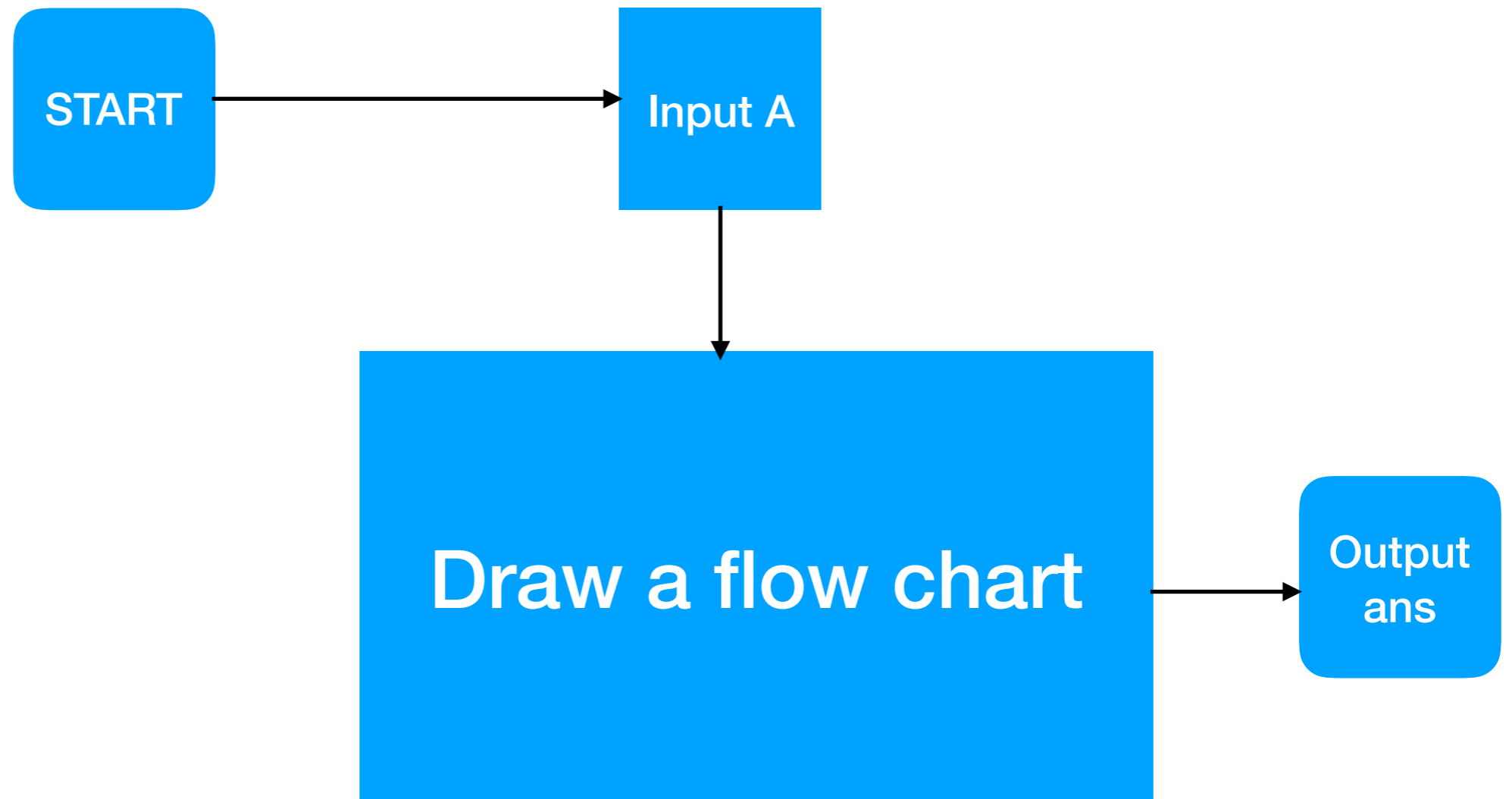
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

% problem 1

function ans = ck_cond_1(A)



Problem 2

- Check condition 2. The first nonzero element of each other row is a leading one.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

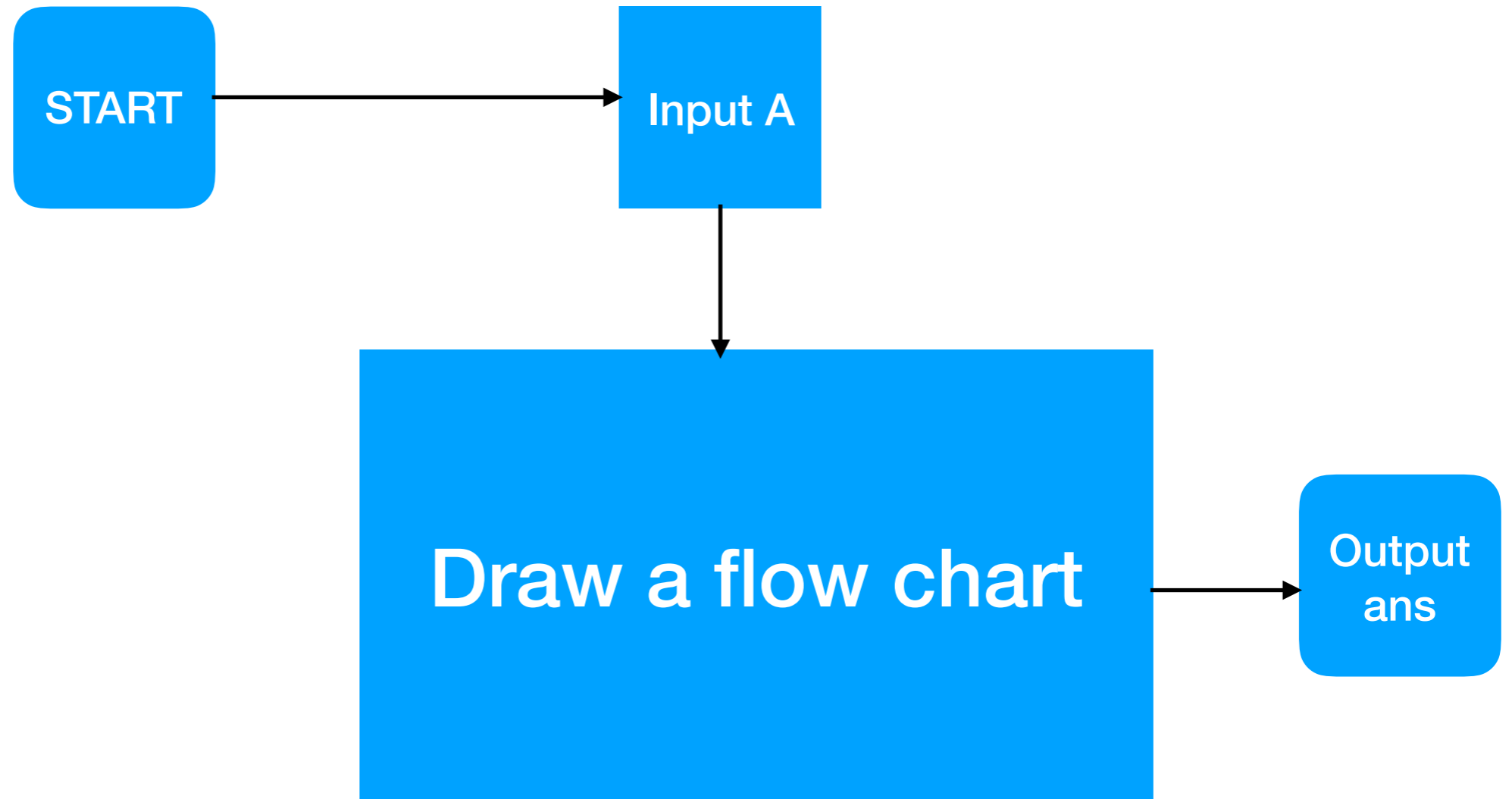


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

First nonzero
element in row
2 is not 1


% problem 2

function ans = ck_cond_2(A)



Problem 3

The leading 1 of each **after the first** should be positioned **to the right** of the leading 1 of the previous row.



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$



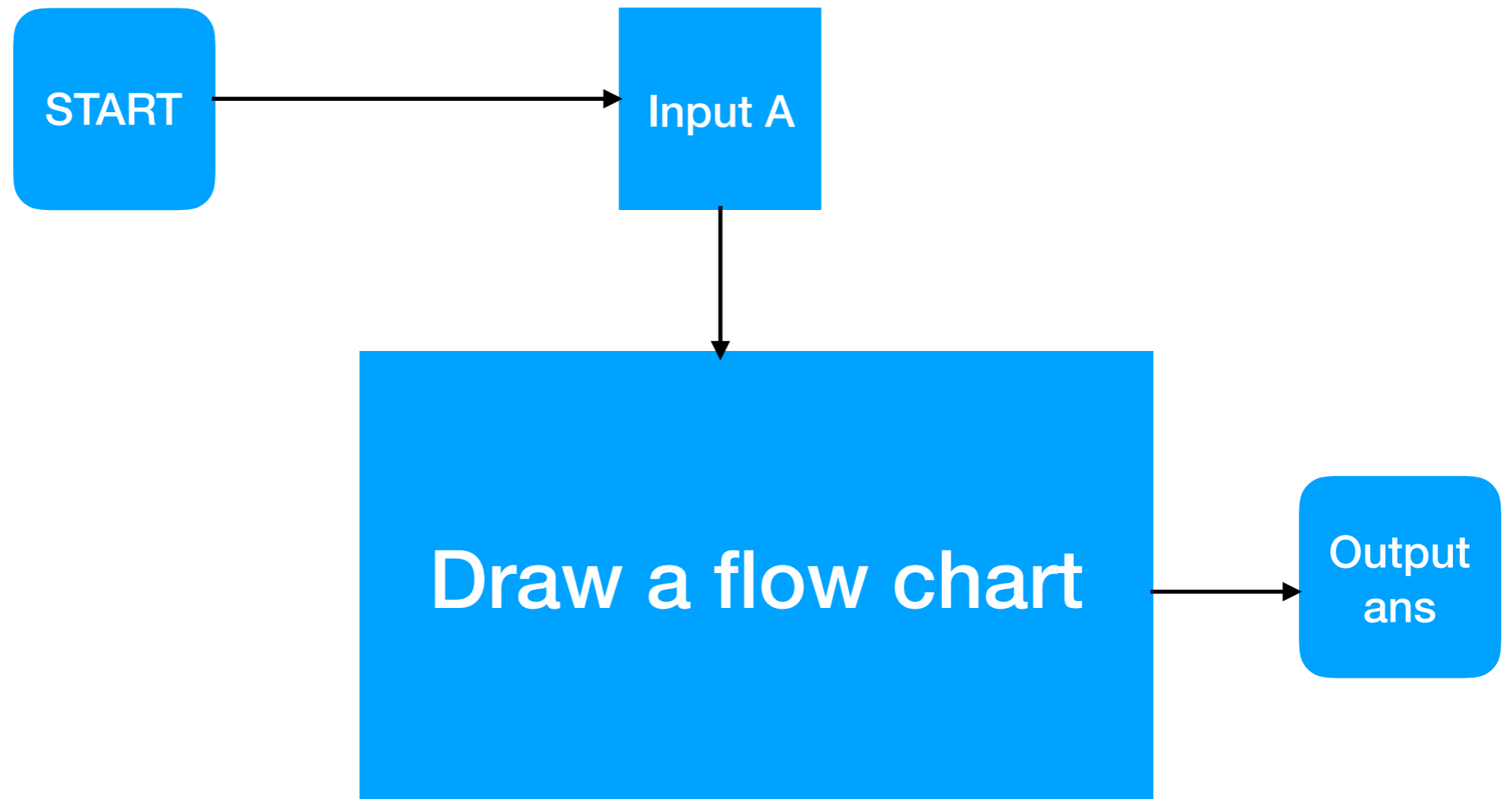
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Leading 1 in row 3 not to the right of leading 1 in row 2


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$


% problem 3


function ans = ck_cond_3(A)



Problem 4


Check if all other elements in a column, which contains a leading 1, are zero.


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$


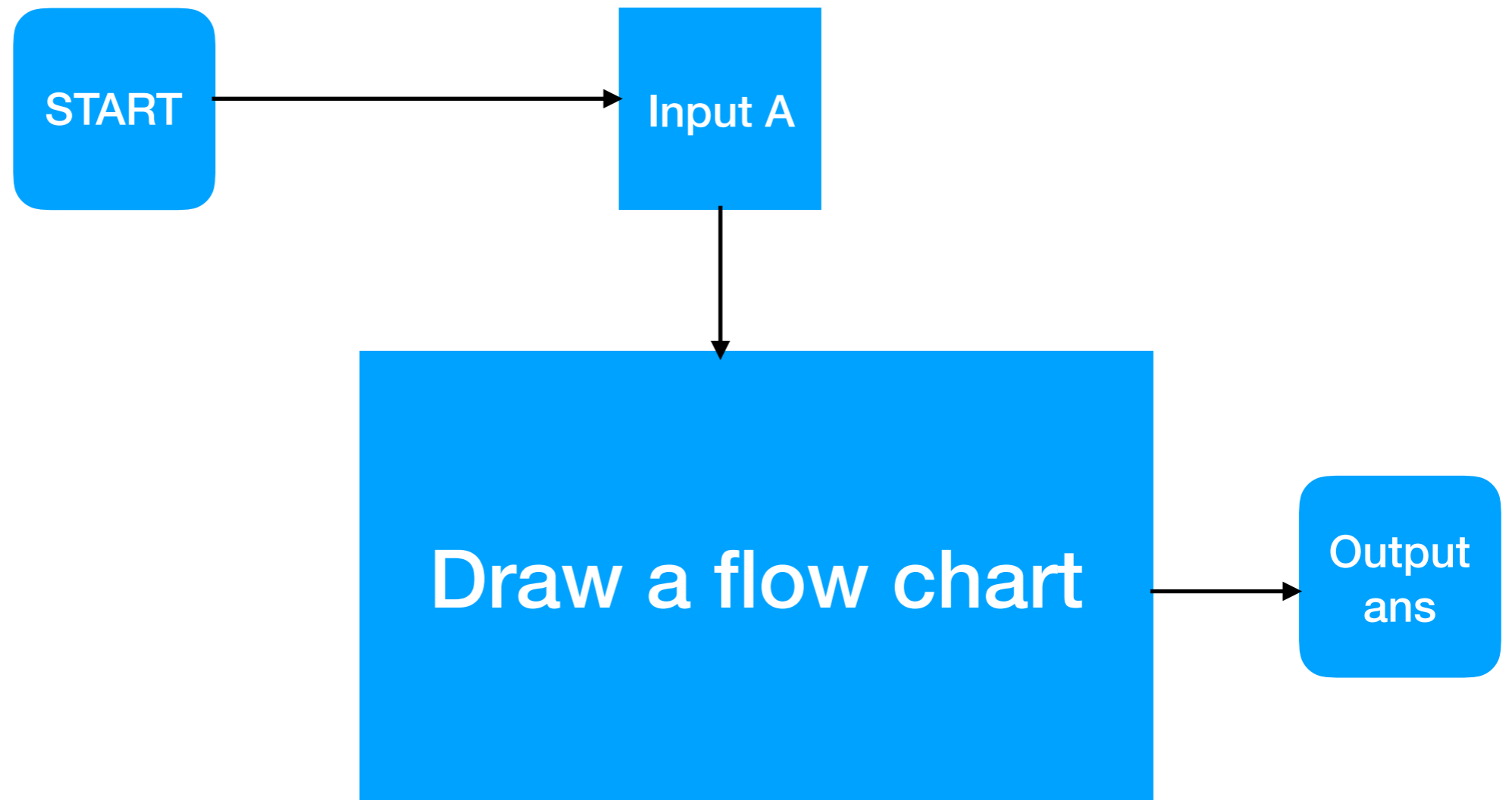
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Nonzero
element above
leading 1 in
Row 2


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 & 0 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

% problem 4

function ans = ck_cond_4(A)



DATA ANALYSIS

Cifar-10

The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 colour images in 10 classes, with 6000 images per class. There are 50000 training images and 10000 test images.

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MatConvNet is a MATLAB toolbox implementing *Convolutional Neural Networks* (CNNs) for computer vision applications. It is simple, efficient, and can run and learn state-of-the-art CNNs. Many pre-trained CNNs for image classification, segmentation, face recognition, and text detection are available.

New: [1.0-beta25](#) released with a new modular system [vl_contrib](#) for third-party contributions. A partial rewrite of the C++ code and support for recent CuDNN versions is also included.

New: [1.0-beta24](#) released with bugfixes, new examples, and utility functions.

New: [1.0-beta23](#) released with [vl_nnroi_pool](#) and a Fast-RCNN demo.

New: [1.0-beta22](#) released with a few bugfixes.

Obtaining MatConvNet

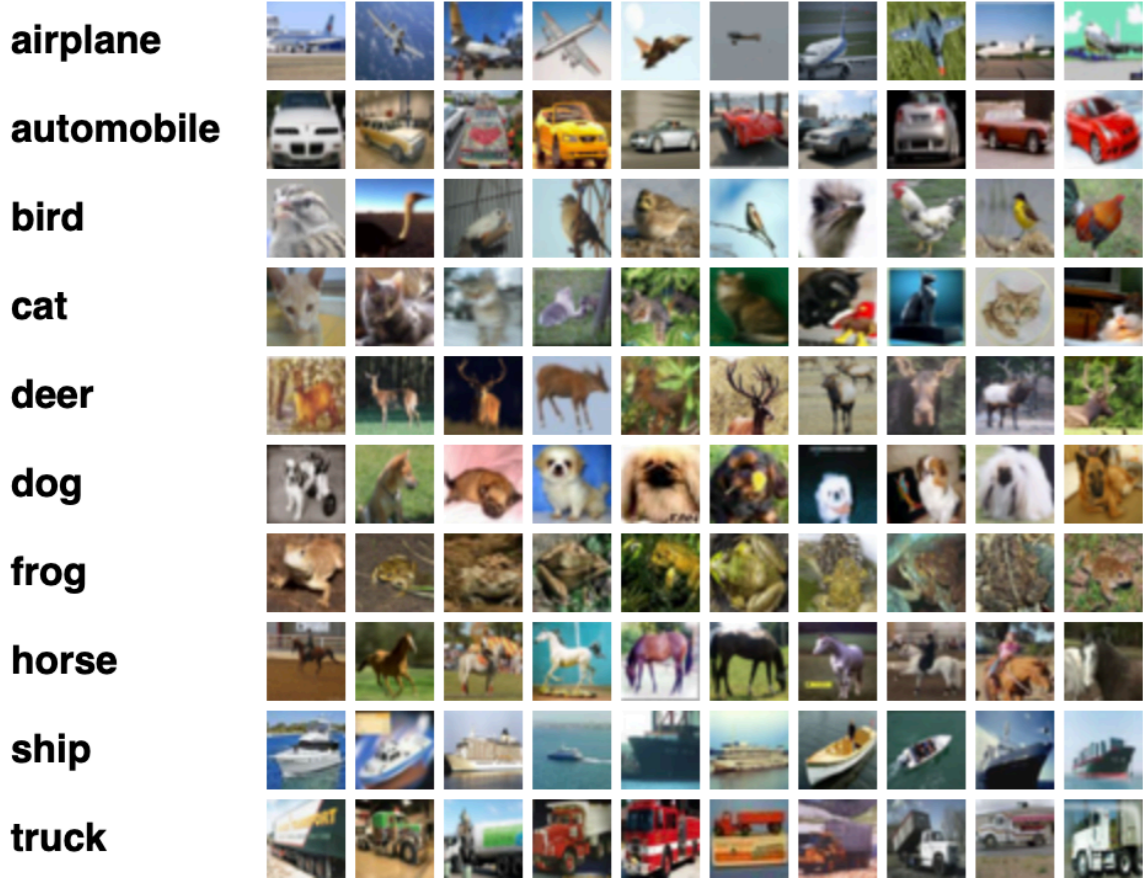
- Tarball for [version 1.0-beta25](#); older versions ()
- [GIT repository](#)
- [Citation](#)

The CIFAR-10 dataset

The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 colour images in 10 classes, with 6000 images per class. There are 50000 training images and 10000 test images.

The dataset is divided into five training batches and one test batch, each with 10000 images. The test batch contains exactly 1000 randomly-selected images from each class. The training batches contain the remaining images in random order, but some training batches may contain more images from one class than another. Between them, the training batches contain exactly 5000 images from each class.

Here are the classes in the dataset, as well as 10 random images from each:



The classes are completely mutually exclusive. There is no overlap between automobiles and trucks. "Automobile" includes sedans, SUVs, things of that sort. "Truck" includes only big trucks. Neither includes pickup trucks.

airplane



automobile



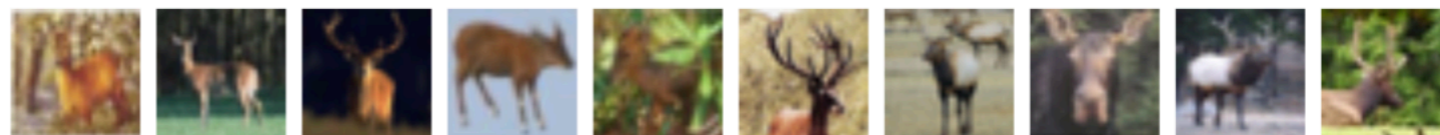
bird



cat



deer



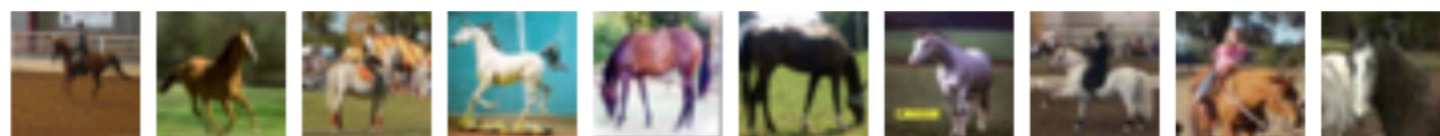
dog



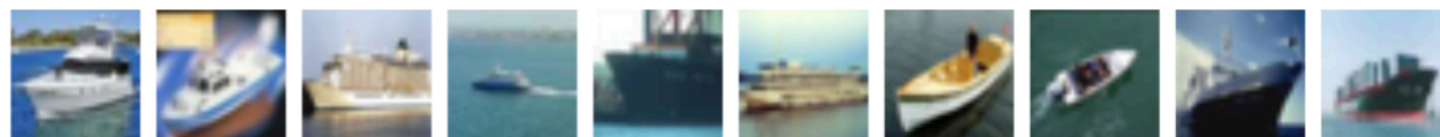
frog



horse



ship



truck




- Name
- data
- cnn_cifar.m
- cnn_cifar_init.m
- cnn_cifar_init_nin.m

```
1 function [net, info] = cnn_cifar(varargin)
2 % CNN_CIFAR Demonstrates MatConvNet on CIFAR-10
3 % The demo includes two standard model: LeNet and Network in
4 % Network (NIN). Use the 'modelType' option to choose one.
5
6 run(fullfile(fileparts(mfilename('fullpath')), ...
7 ' ' ' ' 'matlab' 'vl_setunnn.m'))
```

Command Window

```
fx >> cnn_cifar
```



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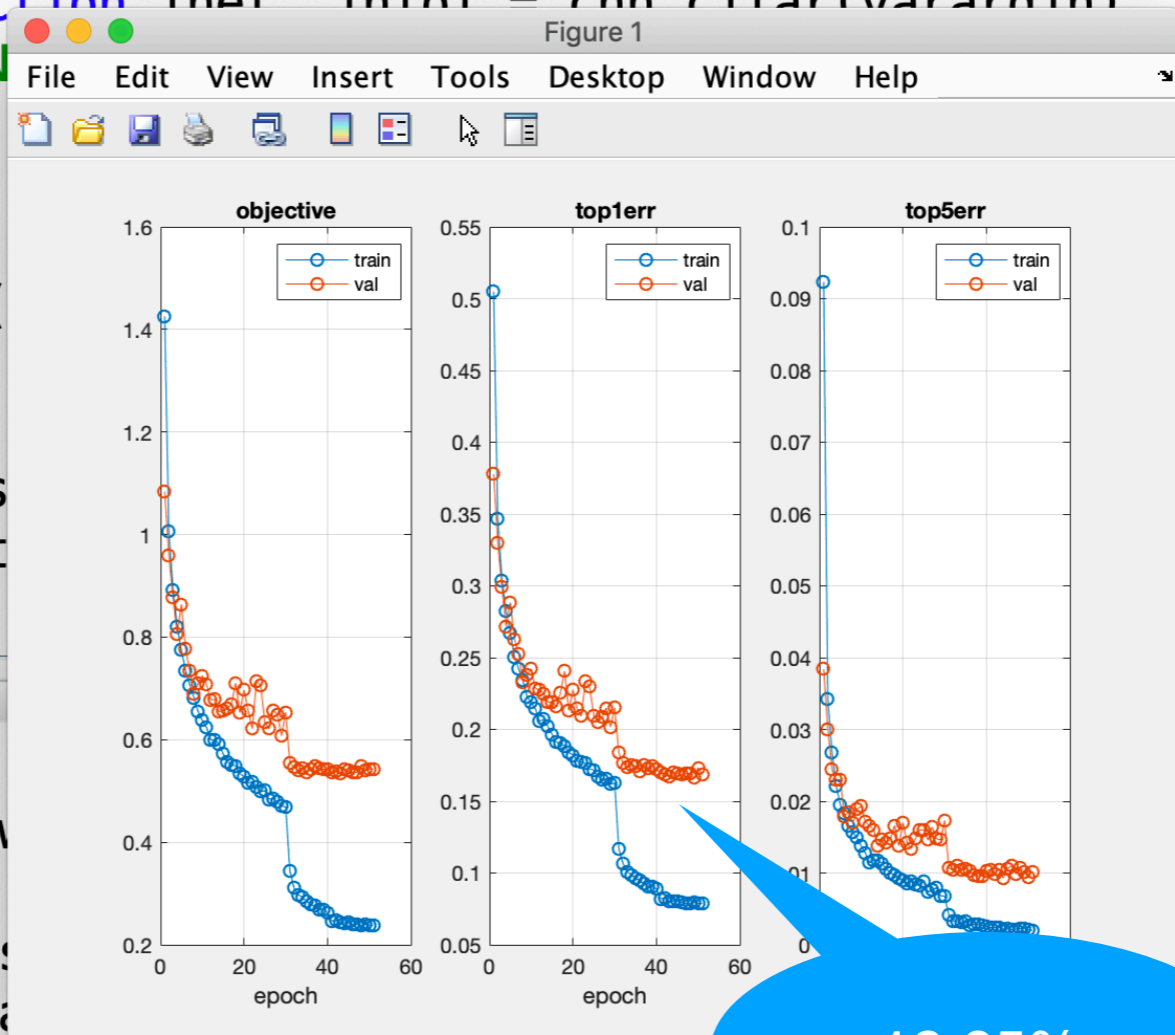
Insert fx, Comment, Indent, Breakpoints, Run, Run and Advance, Advance, Run and Time

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Current Folder

- data
- cnn_cifar.fig
- cnn_cifar.m
- cnn_cifar_init.m
- cnn_cifar_init_nin.m

```
function [net info] = cnn_cifar(varargin)
% CN
%
%
run(
opts
[opts
layers
meta
```



AR-10
eNet and Network in
on to choose one.

), ...
n) ;

error rate for testing

You can find some baseline replicable results on this dataset [on the project page for cuda-convnet](#). These results were obtained with a convolutional neural network. Briefly, they are 18% test error without data augmentation

DATA ANALYSIS

MNIST

The MNIST database of handwritten digits, available from [this page](#), has a training set of 60,000 examples, and a test set of 10,000 examples. It is a subset of a larger set available from NIST. The digits have been size-normalized and centered in a fixed-size image.

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Current Folder

- data
- cnn_mnist.fig
- cnn_mnist.m
- cnn_mnist_experiments.m
- cnn_mnist_init.m

```
1 function [net, info] = cnn_mnist(varargin)
2 %CNN_MNIST Demonstrates MatConvNet on MNIST
3
4 run(fullfile(fileparts(mfilename('fullpath')),...
5     '..', '..', 'matlab', 'vl_setupnn.m')) ;
6
```

Command Window

```
fx >> cnn_mnist|
```

