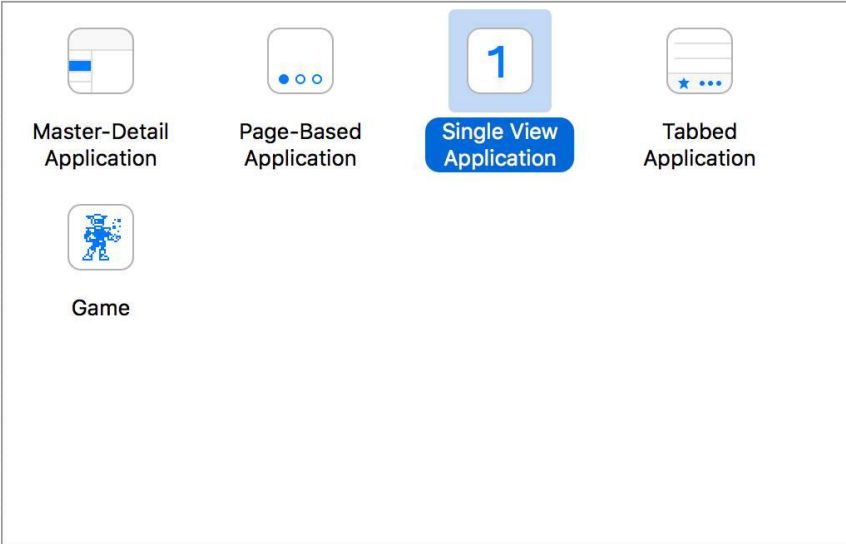


2016TipCalculactor

Version: Xcode7.x & Swift2

Step 1:

Run the Xcode and select new project .
Create a single view application .



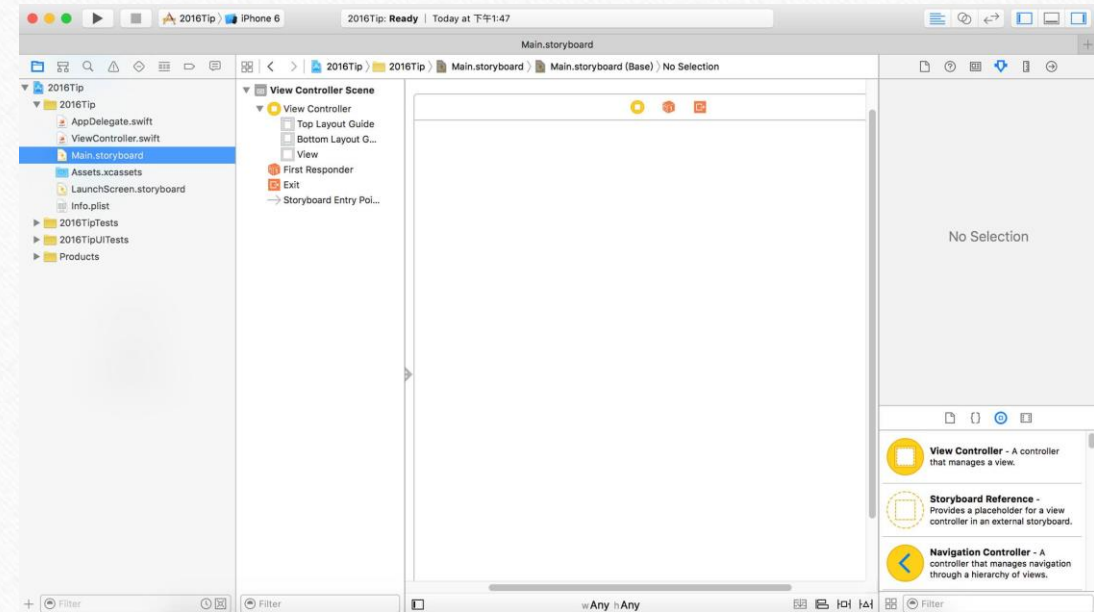
The screenshot shows the Xcode project selection screen. There are five templates displayed in a grid. The 'Single View Application' template is highlighted with a blue border and a blue button with the number '1' on top. The other templates are: 'Master-Detail Application' (top-left), 'Page-Based Application' (top-middle), 'Tabbed Application' (top-right), and 'Game' (bottom-left).

Single View Application
This template provides a starting point for an application that uses a single view. It provides a view controller to manage the view, and a storyboard or nib file that contains the view.

Step2:

You can select the “Main.storyboard” on the left side .

You can design your application at this Interface.



Step3: (Example)

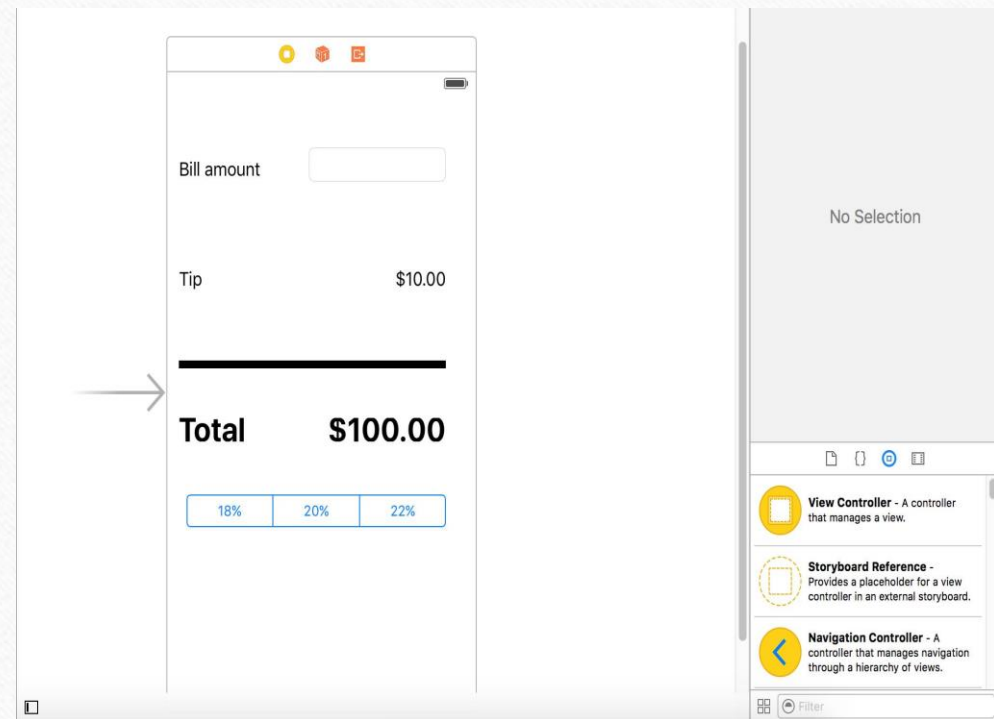
You can select the object in the lower right .

Which object that you want to add on your app .

For example : Label , Textfiled , button , etc .

How to add the object ?

Just drag it on your main.storyboard!



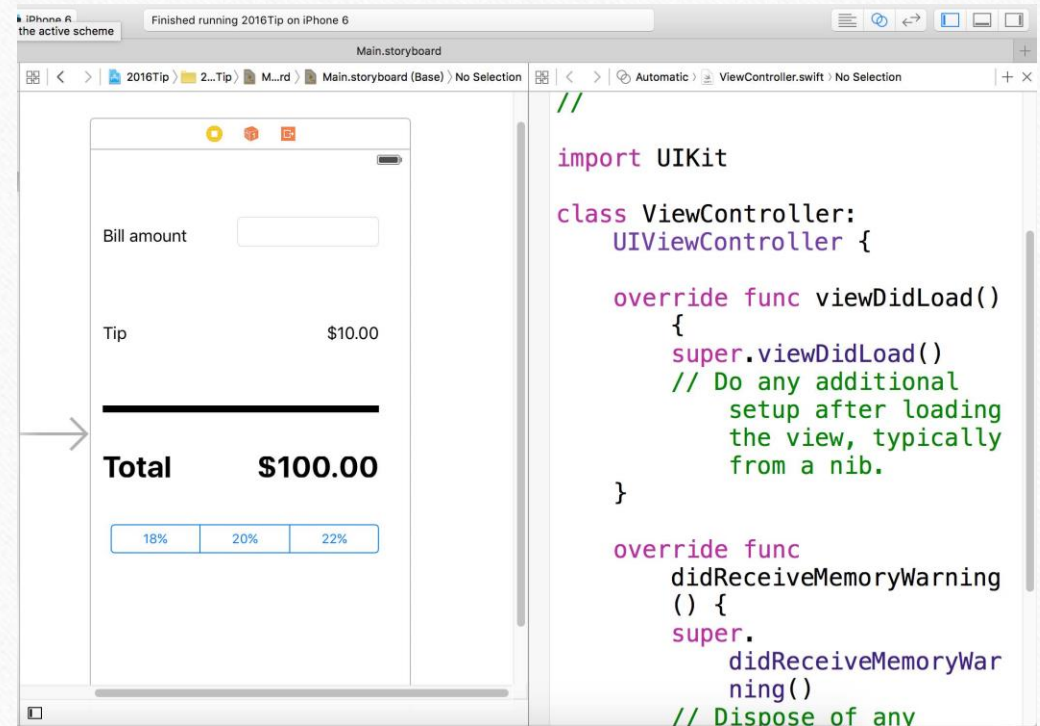
Step4:

After you designed your app already .
You also created an frame of code
on the right side .

How to call the frame ?

Do you see the cross of circle at the
higher right ?

Just clicked it !



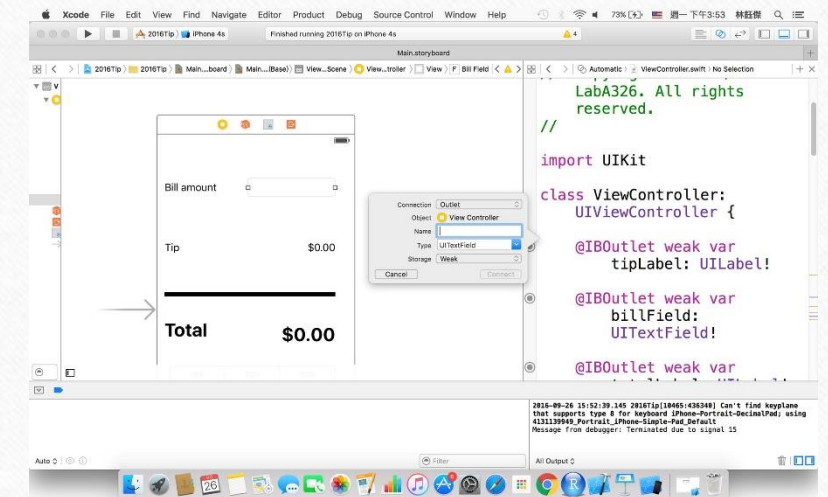
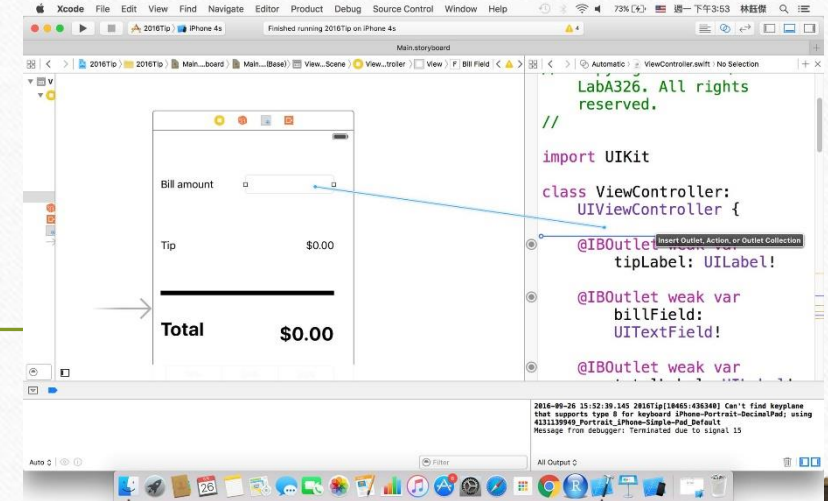
Step 5:

We need to connect the object to our code .

You need to click your mouse left and right buttons at the same time .

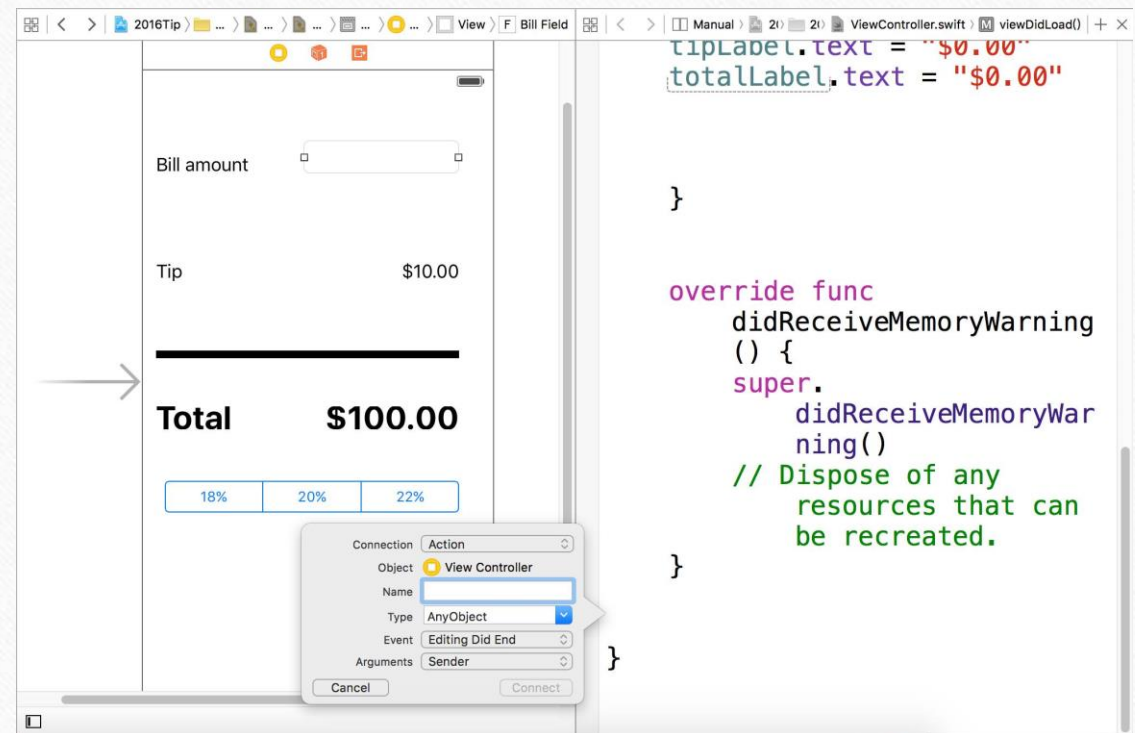
Then you can drag your arrow and connect on your code.

You can name your object on your code .



Step 6:

Add an action function at the bottom.



The screenshot shows the Xcode interface with a storyboard on the left and a Swift code editor on the right. The storyboard displays a bill calculator UI with fields for 'Bill amount', 'Tip' (set to \$10.00), and 'Total' (set to \$100.00). There are also buttons for tip percentages: 18%, 20%, and 22%. An arrow points to the bottom of the storyboard. The Swift code editor shows the following code:

```
tipLabel.text = "$0.00"
totalLabel.text = "$0.00"

}

override func
didReceiveMemoryWarning
() {
    super.
        didReceiveMemoryWarning()
    // Dispose of any
    // resources that can
    // be recreated.
}

}
```

An 'Action' dialog box is open, showing the following configuration:

- Connection: Action
- Object: View Controller
- Name: (empty)
- Type: AnyObject
- Event: Editing Did End
- Arguments: Sender

Step 7:

Write down your code in your
action function !

```
@IBAction func onEditingChanged(sender: AnyObject) {  
    var tipPercentages = [0.18, 0.2, 0.22]  
    var tipPercentage = tipPercentages[tipControl.  
        selectedSegmentIndex]  
  
    var billAmount = Double(billField.text!)  
    var tip = billAmount! * tipPercentage  
    var total = billAmount! + tip  
  
    tipLabel.text = "$\(tip)"  
    totalLabel.text = "$\(total)"  
  
    tipLabel.text = String(format:"%.2f",tip)  
    totalLabel.text = String(format: "%.2f",total)  
  
}  
  
@IBAction func onTap(sender: AnyObject) {  
    view.endEditing(true)  
}  
}
```