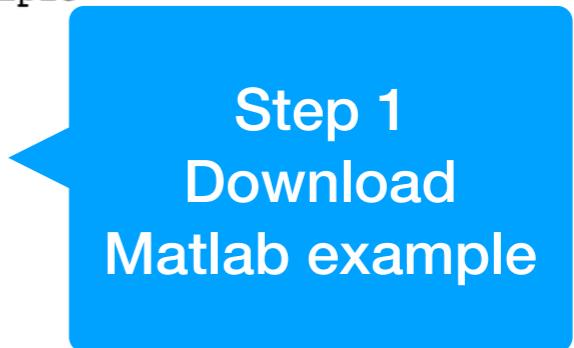


# Case studies

Classifying the CIFAR-10 dataset  
using Convolutional Neural Networks



## Step 1 Download Matlab example

```
%% Classifying the CIFAR-10 dataset using Convolutional Neural Networks
% This example shows how to train a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) from
% scratch using the dataset CIFAR10.
%
% Data Credit: Krizhevsky, A., & Hinton, G. (2009). Learning multiple
% layers of features from tiny images.
%
% Copyright 2016 The MathWorks, Inc.
%
%% Download the CIFAR-10 dataset
if ~exist('cifar-10-batches-mat','dir')
    cifar10Dataset = 'cifar-10-matlab';
    disp('Downloading 174MB CIFAR-10 dataset...');

    websave([cifar10Dataset,'.tar.gz'],...
        ['https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/',cifar10Dataset,'.tar.gz']);
    gunzip([cifar10Dataset,'.tar.gz'])
    delete([cifar10Dataset,'.tar.gz'])
    untar([cifar10Dataset,'.tar'])
    delete([cifar10Dataset,'.tar'])

end

%% Prepare the CIFAR-10 dataset
if ~exist('cifar10Train','dir')
    disp('Saving the Images in folders. This might take some time...');

    saveCIFAR10AsFolderOfImages('cifar-10-batches-mat', pwd, true);
end

%% Load image CIFAR-10 Training dataset (50000 32x32 colour images in 10 classes)
imsetTrain = imageSet('cifar10Train','recursive');

%% Display Sampling of Image Data
numClasses = size(imsetTrain,2);
imagesPerClass = 10;
imagesInMontage = cell(imagesPerClass,numClasses);
for i = 1:size(imagesInMontage,2)
    imagesInMontage(:,i) = ...
        imsetTrain(i).ImageLocation(randi(imsetTrain(i).Count, 1, ...
            imagesPerClass));
end
```

## Step 2

Turn off use of gpuArray at  
lines 66, 70 and 73

```
--  
63 %% Define a CNN architecture  
64 conv1 = convolution2dLayer(5,32,'Padding',2,...  
65 % 'BiasLearnRateFactor',2);  
66 % conv1.Weights = gpuArray(single(randn([5 5 3 32])*0.0001));  
67 conv1.Weights = single(randn([5 5 3 32])*0.0001);  
68  
69 fc1 = fullyConnectedLayer(64,'BiasLearnRateFactor',2);  
70 % fc1.Weights = gpuArray(single(randn([64 576])*0.1));  
71 fc1.Weights = single(randn([64 576])*0.1);  
72 fc2 = fullyConnectedLayer(10,'BiasLearnRateFactor',2);  
73 % fc2.Weights = gpuArray(single(randn([10 64])*0.1));  
74 fc2.Weights = single(randn([10 64])*0.1);  
75
```

## Step 3

Insert lines 67, 71 and 74

## Step 4 Dlowload

```
function saveCIFAR10AsFolderOfImages inputPath, outputPath, varargin
% saveCIFAR10AsFolderOfImages    save the CIFAR-10 dataset as a folder of images
%   saveCIFAR10AsFolderOfImages(inputPath, outputPath) takes the CIFAR-10
%   dataset located at inputPath and saves it as a folder of images to the
%   directory outputPath. If inputPath or outputPath is an empty string, it
%   is assumed that the current folder should be used.
%
%   saveCIFAR10AsFolderOfImages(..., labelDirectories) will save the
%   CIFAR-10 data so that instances with the same label will be saved to
%   sub-directories with the name of that label.

% Check input directories are valid
if(~isempty(inputPath))
    assert(exist(inputPath,'dir') == 7);
end
if(~isempty(outputPath))
    assert(exist(outputPath,'dir') == 7);
end

% Check if we want to save each set with the same labels to its own
% directory.
if(isempty(varargin))
    labelDirectories = false;
else
    assert(nargin == 3);
    labelDirectories = varargin{1};
end

% Set names for directories
trainDirectoryName = 'cifar10Train';
testDirectoryName = 'cifar10Test';
```

```
Editor - /Users/apple/Documents/MATLAB/Examples/R2019a/nnet/TrainResidualNetworkOnCIFAR10Example/matlab_cifar_10.m
+9  cnn_mnist.m x  cnn_train.m x  vl_nnconv.cpp x  vl_nnconv.cu x  TrainResidualNetworkOnCIFAR10Example mlx x  matlab_cifar_10.m x +
```

137 % TEST - classify(net, TTest);

138

139 % Alternative way using imageDataStore

140 % imdsTest = imageDatastore(fullfile(pwd, 'cifar10Test'), ...

141 % 'IncludeSubfolders', true, 'LabelSource', 'foldernames');

142 % YTest = classify(net, imdsTest);

143

144 % Calculate the accuracy.

145 accuracy = sum(YTest == TTest)/numel(TTest)

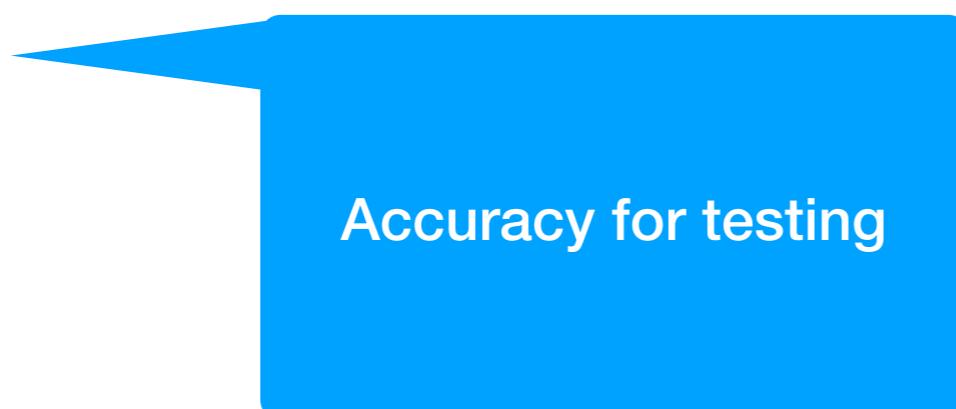
Command Window

115 title('First Layer Weights');

Elapsed time is 12.206364 seconds.

accuracy =

0.7302



Accuracy for testing

# AlexNet

---

# **ImageNet Classification with Deep Convolutional Neural Networks**

---

**Alex Krizhevsky**  
University of Toronto  
kriz@cs.utoronto.ca

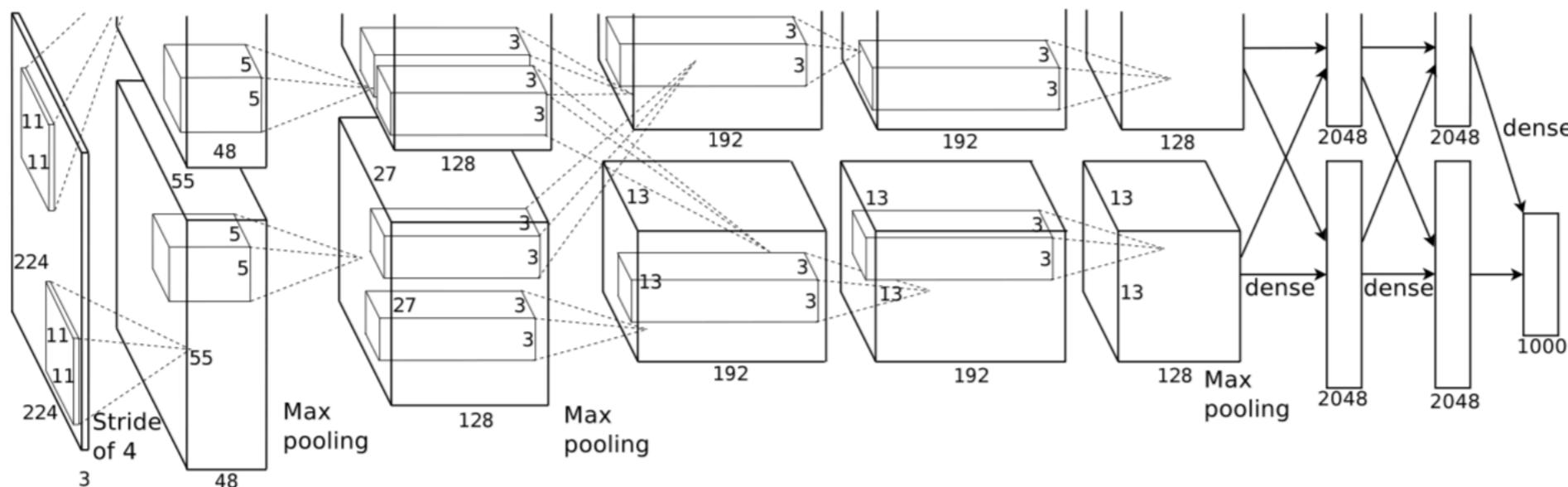
**Ilya Sutskever**  
University of Toronto  
ilya@cs.utoronto.ca

**Geoffrey E. Hinton**  
University of Toronto  
hinton@cs.utoronto.ca

<https://papers.nips.cc/paper/4824-imagenet-classification-with-deep-convolutional-neural-networks.pdf>

## Abstract

We trained a large, deep convolutional neural network to classify the 1.2 million high-resolution images in the ImageNet LSVRC-2010 contest into the 1000 different classes. On the test data, we achieved top-1 and top-5 error rates of 37.5% and 17.0% which is considerably better than the previous state-of-the-art. The neural network, which has 60 million parameters and 650,000 neurons, consists of five convolutional layers, some of which are followed by max-pooling layers, and three fully-connected layers with a final 1000-way softmax. To make training faster, we used non-saturating neurons and a very efficient GPU implementation of the convolution operation. To reduce overfitting in the fully-connected layers we employed a recently-developed regularization method called “dropout” that proved to be very effective. We also entered a variant of this model in the ILSVRC-2012 competition and achieved a winning top-5 test error rate of 15.3%, compared to 26.2% achieved by the second-best entry.



**Figure 2:** An illustration of the architecture of our CNN, explicitly showing the delineation of responsibilities between the two GPUs. One GPU runs the layer-parts at the top of the figure while the other runs the layer-parts at the bottom. The GPUs communicate only at certain layers. The network's input is 150,528-dimensional, and the number of neurons in the network's remaining layers is given by 253,440–186,624–64,896–64,896–43,264–4096–4096–1000.

Step 1

```
Command Window
>> net = alexnet
net =
SeriesNetwork with properties:
    Layers: [25x1 nnet.cnn.layer.Layer]
fx >> |
```

APPS

EDITOR

PUBLISH

VIEW



leNet



## ★ FAVORITES



Curve Fitting



Optimization



PID Tuner

Modbus  
ExplorerSystem  
IdentificationSignal  
AnalyzerWireless  
Waveform G...Image  
AcquisitionInstrument  
Control

SimBiology

MATLAB  
CoderApplication  
CompilerImage Region  
Analyzer

Step 2

## MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING

Classification  
LearnerDeep Network  
DesignerNeural Net  
ClusteringNeural Net  
FittingNeural Net  
Pattern Rec...Neural Net  
Time SeriesRegression  
Learner

## MATH, STATISTICS AND OPTIMIZATION



Curve Fitting

Distribution  
Fitter

Optimization



PDE Modeler



## CONTROL SYSTEM DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

Control  
System Des...Control  
System TunerDiagnostic  
Feature Des...Fuzzy Logic  
DesignerLinear System  
AnalyzerModel  
Reducer

MPC Designer

Neuro-Fuzzy  
Designer

PID Tuner

SLAM Map  
BuilderSystem  
Identification

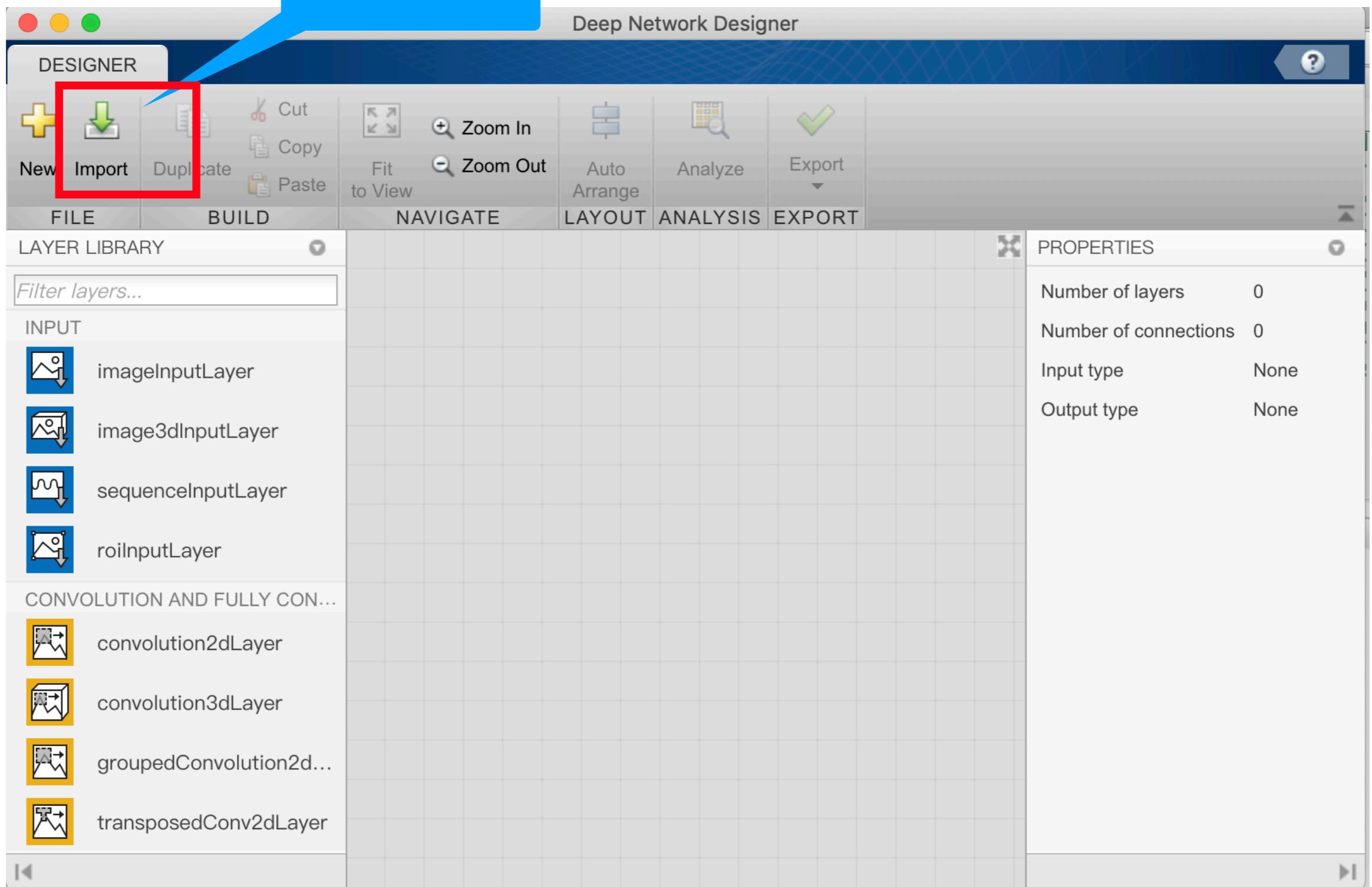
## AUTOMOTIVE

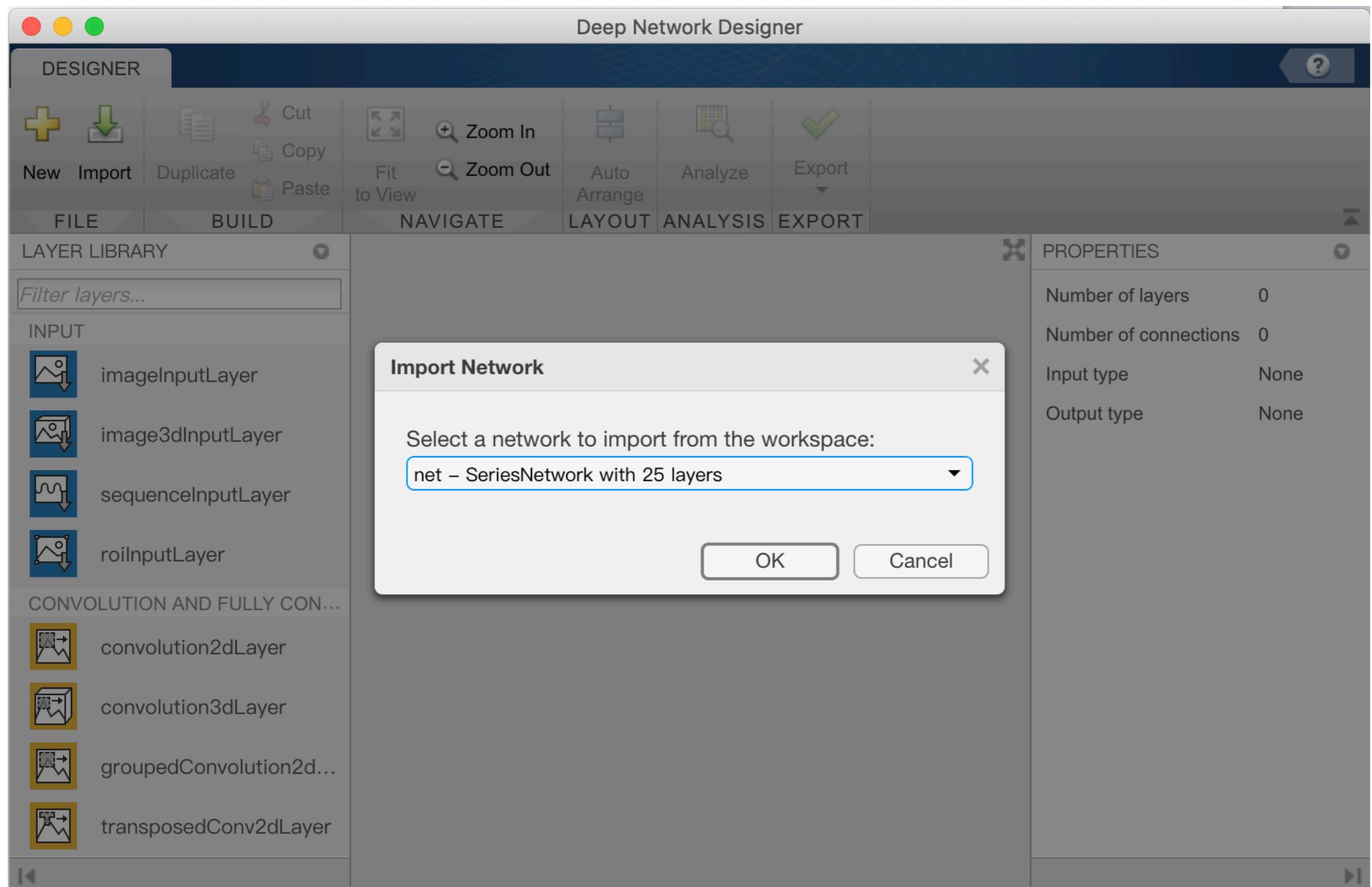
Driving  
Scenario De...Ground Truth  
Labeler

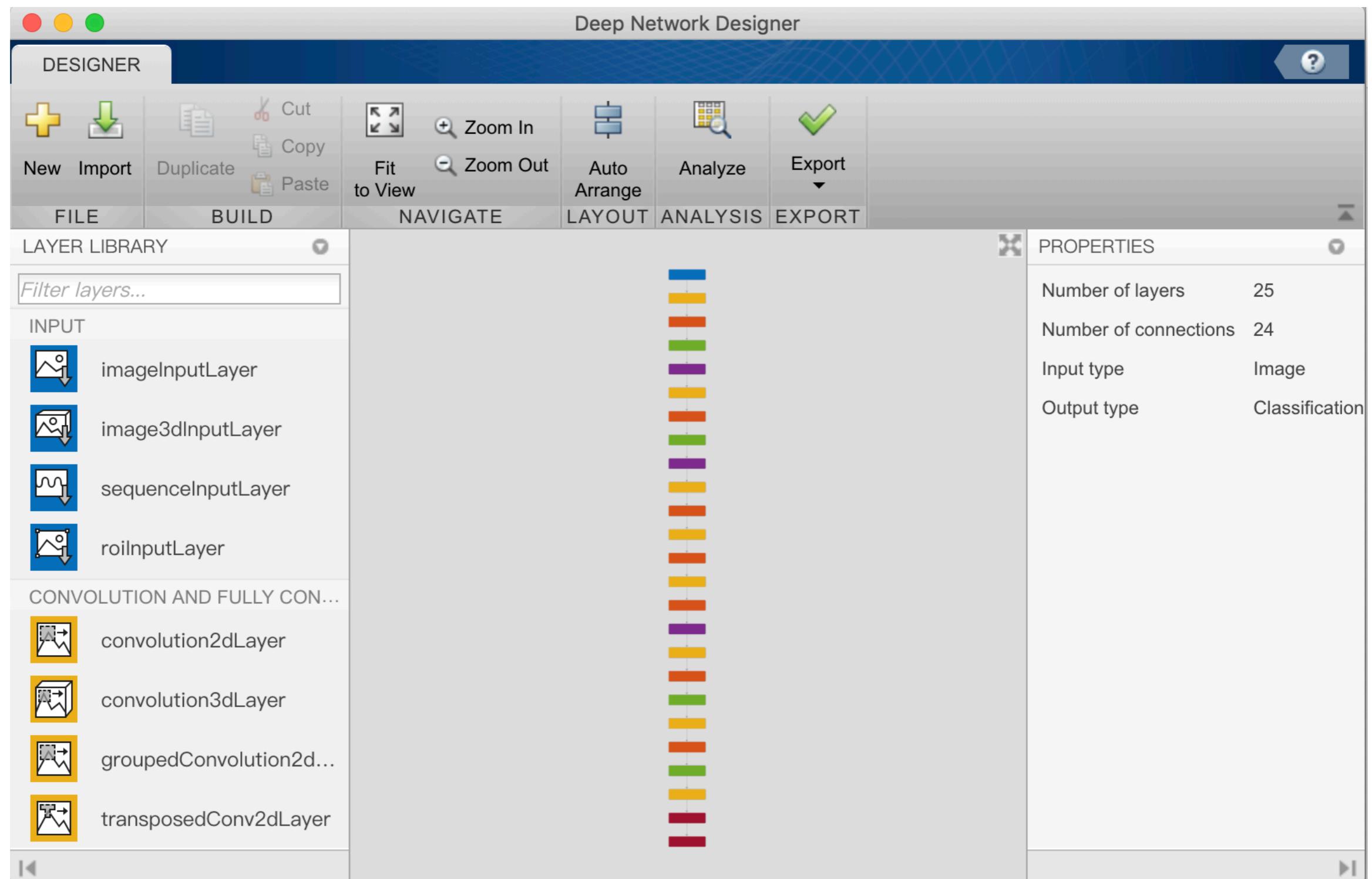
## SIGNAL PROCESSING AND COMMUNICATIONS

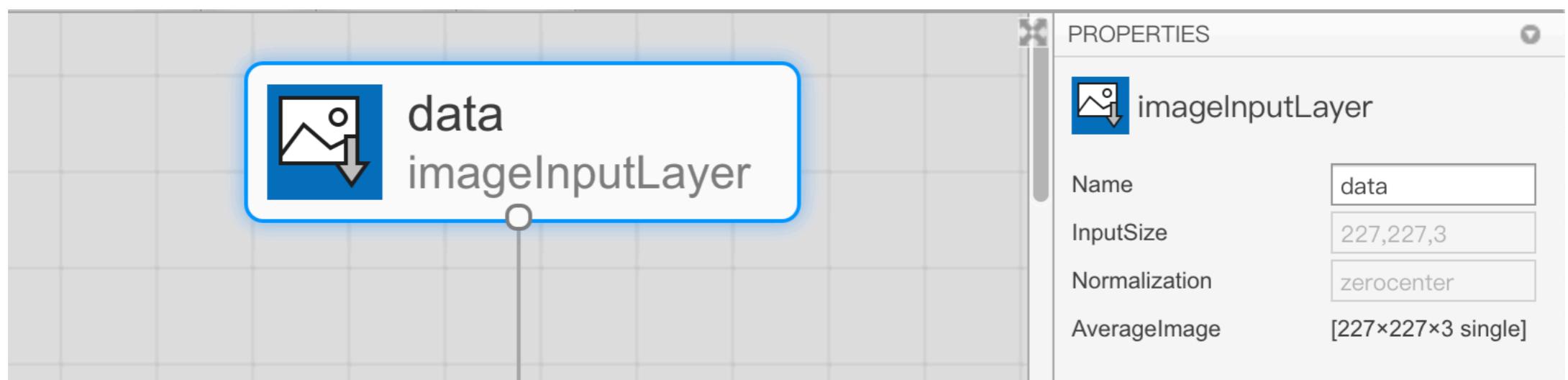
Antenna  
DesignerAudio Labeler  
Bit Error Rate  
AnalysisEye Diagram  
ScopeFilter  
BuilderFilter  
DesignerImpulse  
Response M...LTE  
Throughpu...LTE Waveform  
GeneratorRadar  
Equation Ca...Radar  
Waveform A...RF Budget  
Analyzer

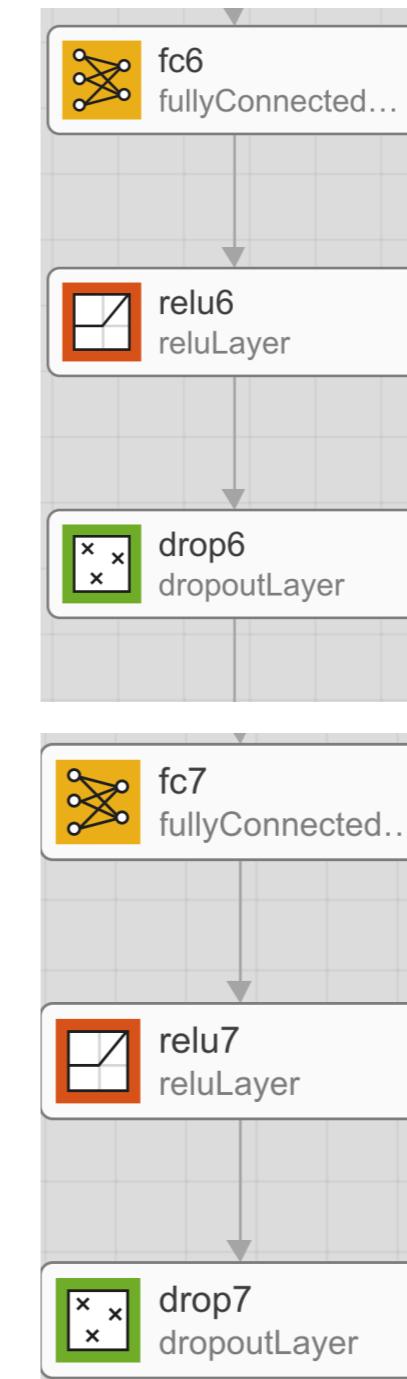
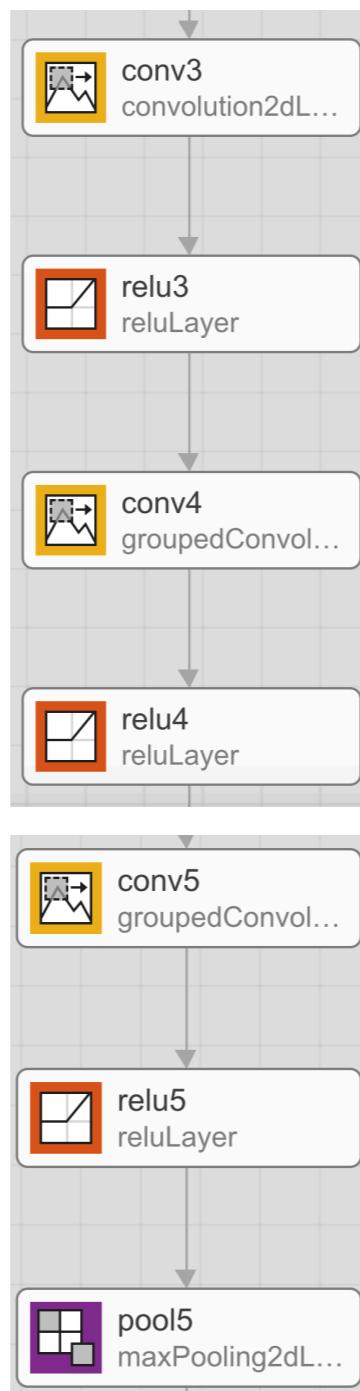
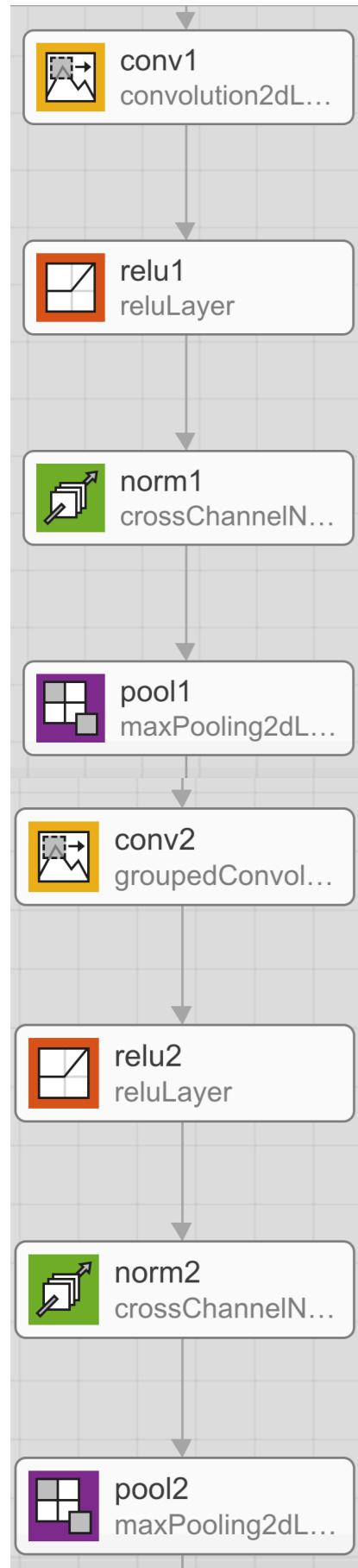
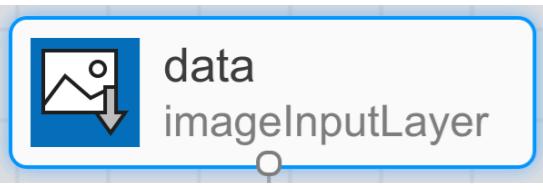
### Step 3





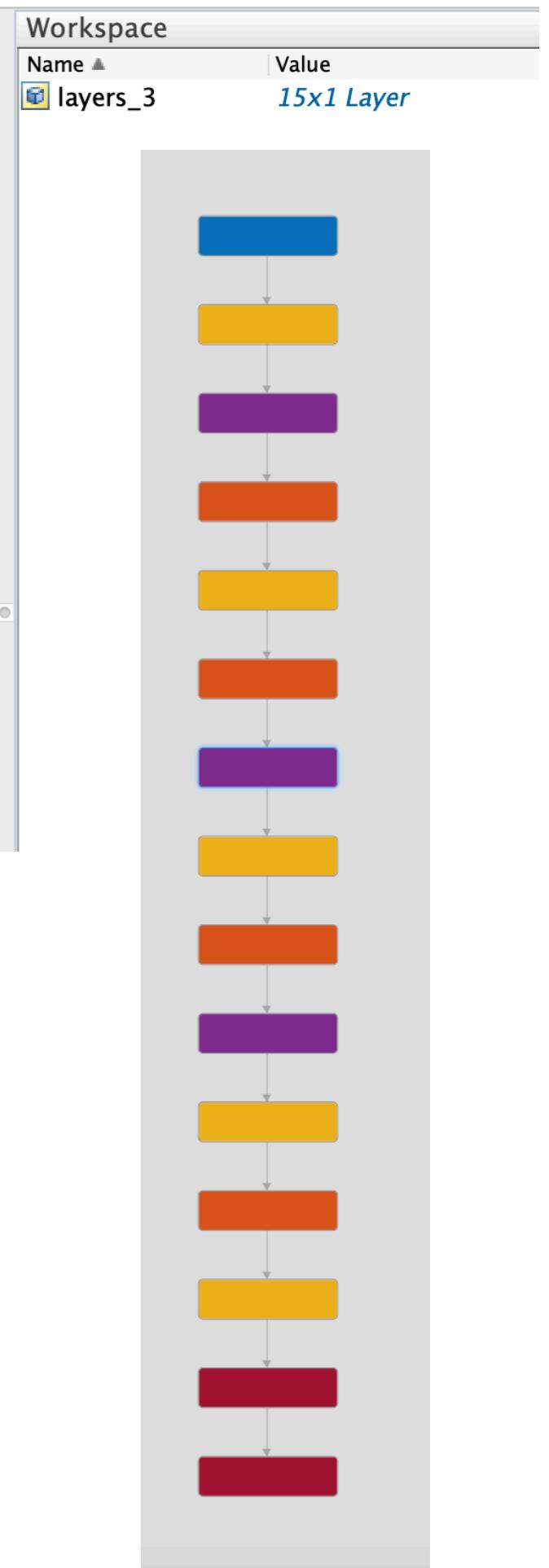






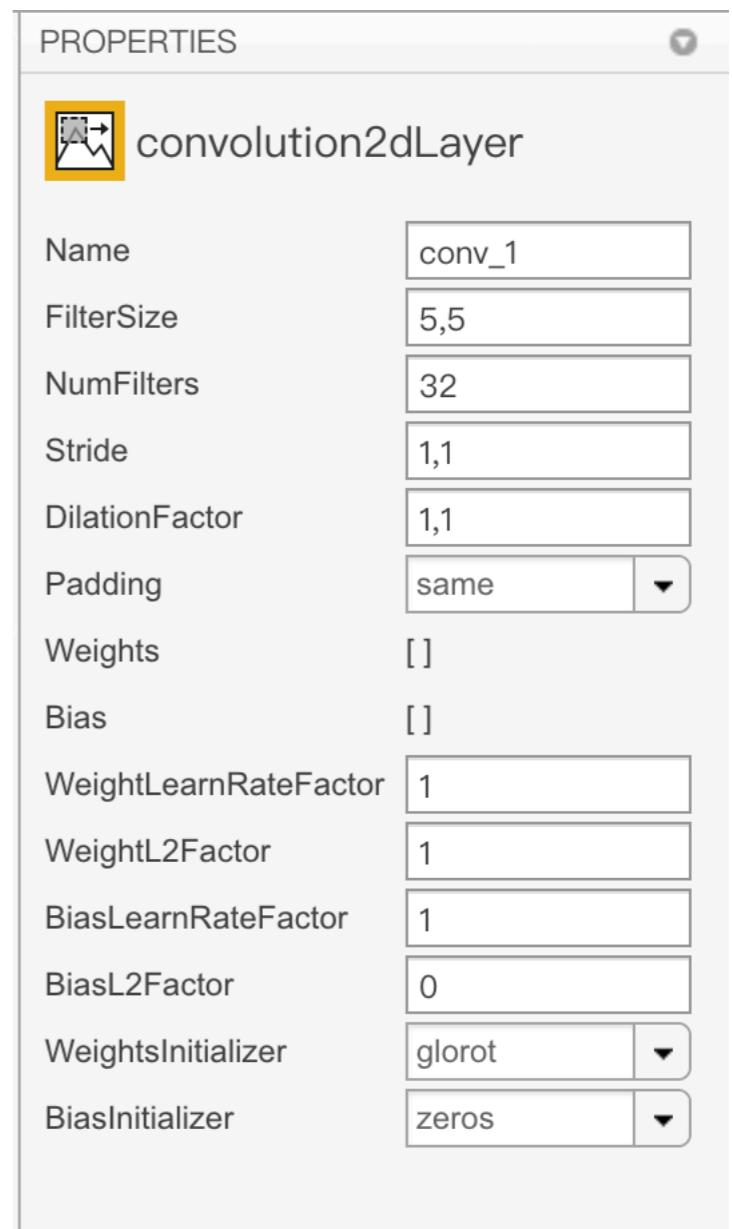
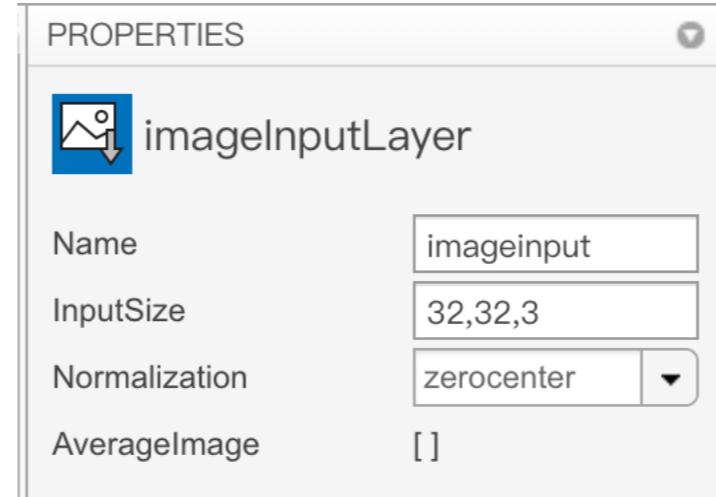
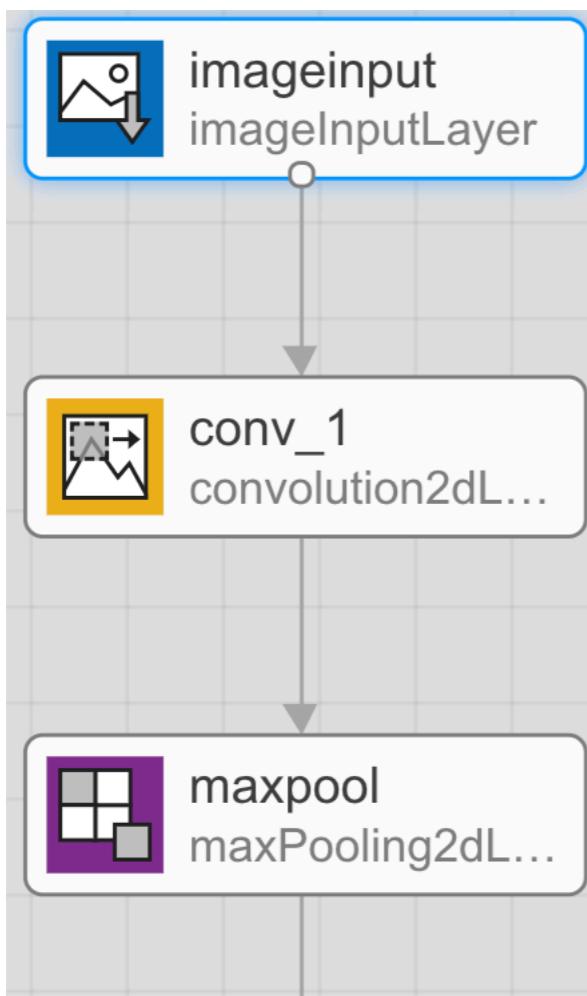
# LeNet

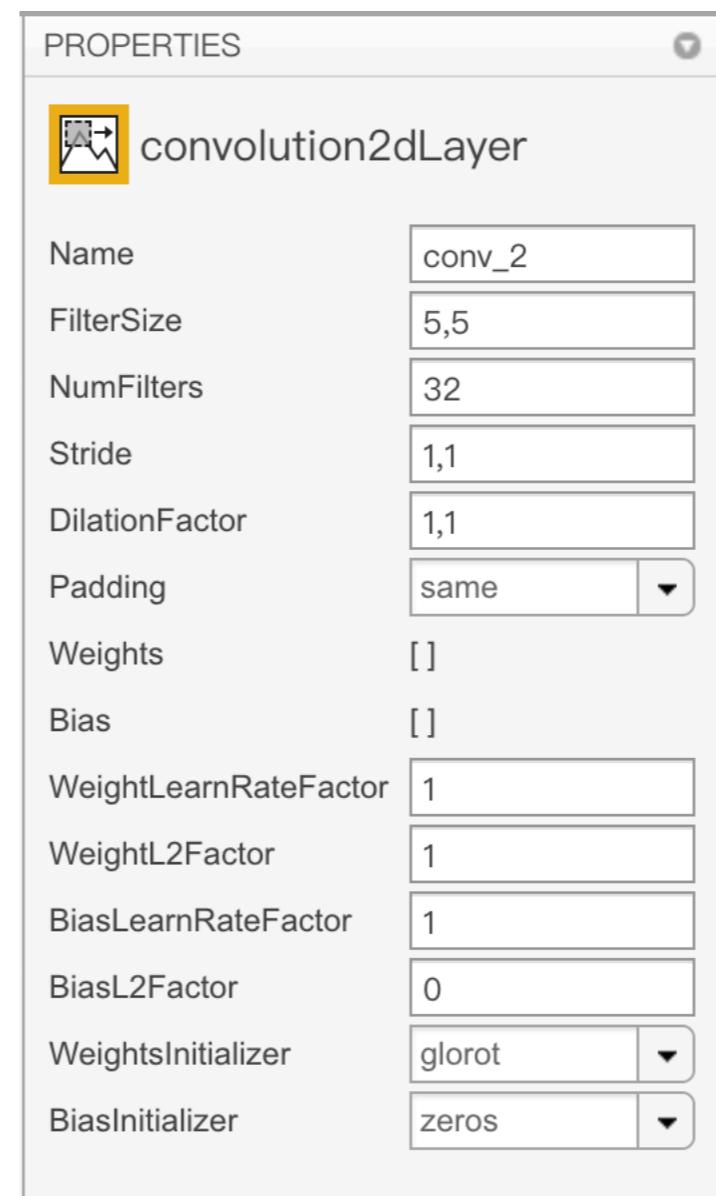
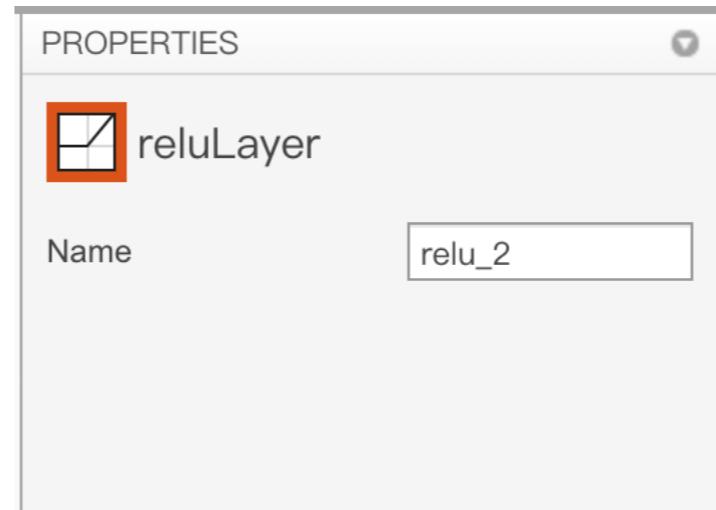
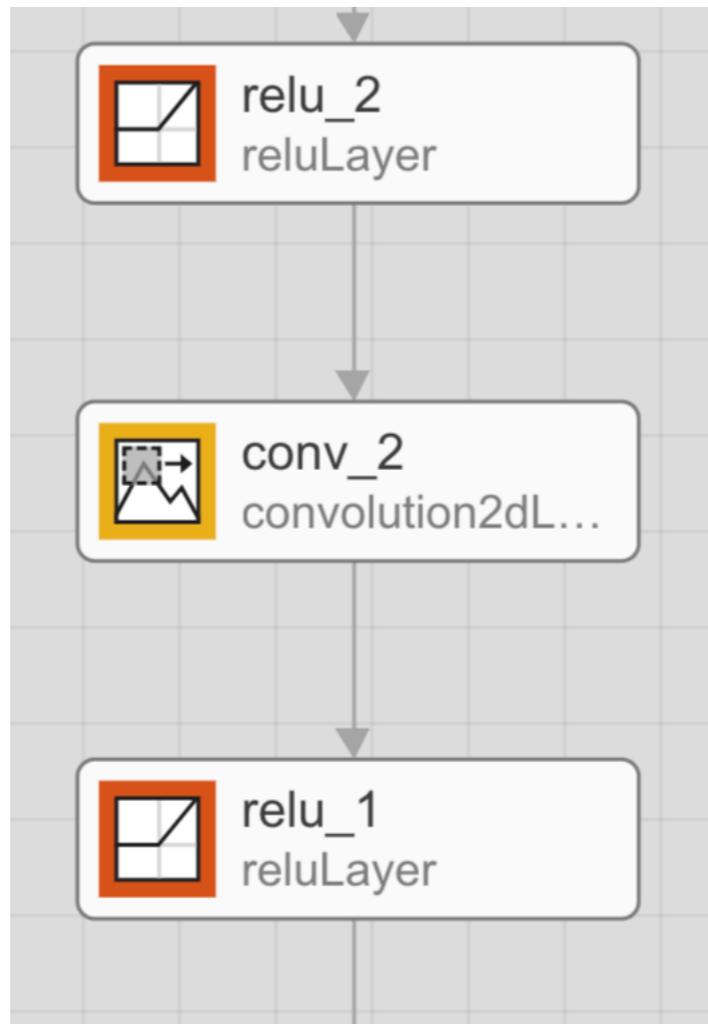
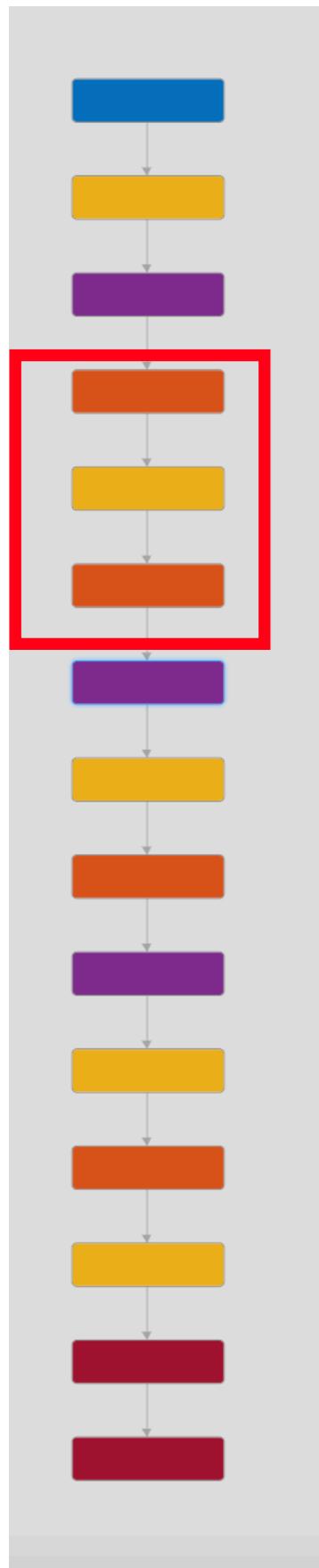
```
Editor - /Users/apple/Desktop/Jiann-Ming Wu/code2019/MatConvNet/matconvnet-1.0-beta25/examples/mnist/cnn_mnist_experiments.m x vl_simplenn.m x cnn_mnist_init.m x matlab_cifar_10.m x +  
+5  
9  
10 f=1/100 ;  
11 net.layers = {} ;  
12 net.layers{end+1} = struct('type', 'conv', ...  
13 'weights', {{f*randn(5,5,1,...  
14 'stride', 1, ...  
15 'pad', 0) ;  
16 net.layers{end+1} = struct('type', 'pool')
```

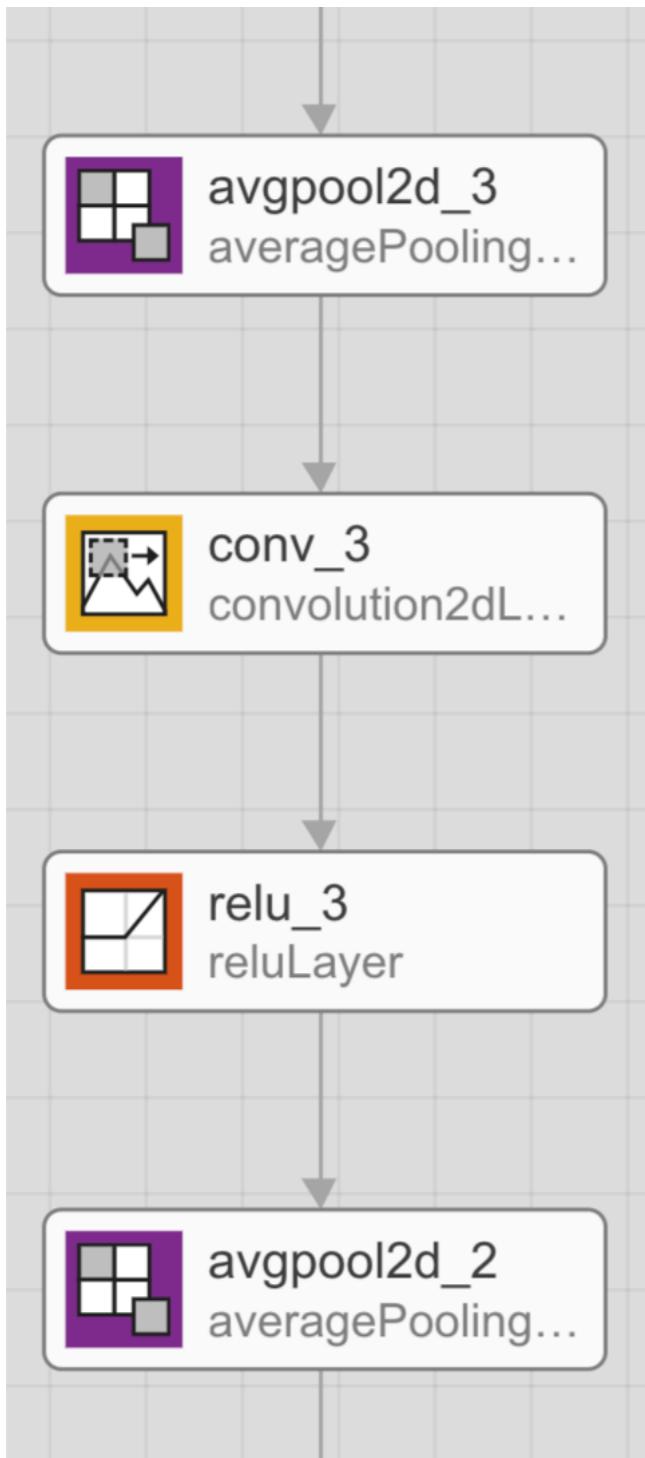
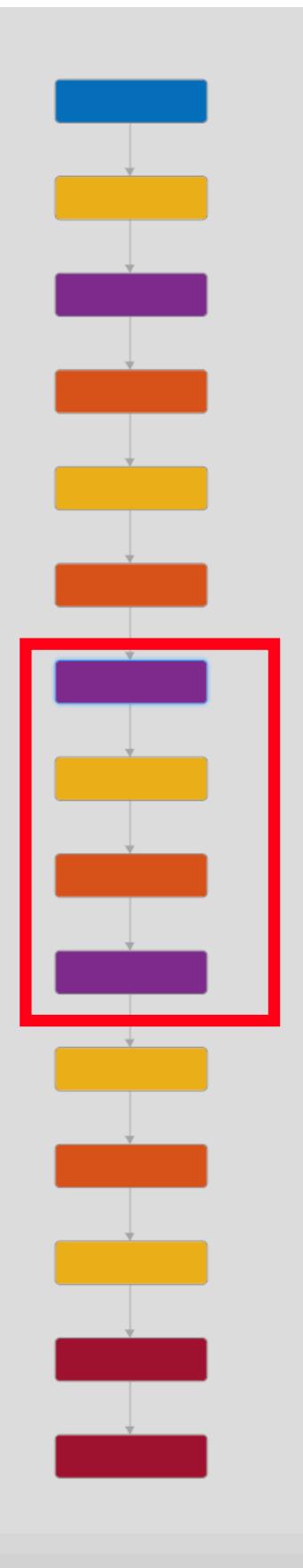


## Command Window

```
>> load('layers_3.mat')  
fx >>
```







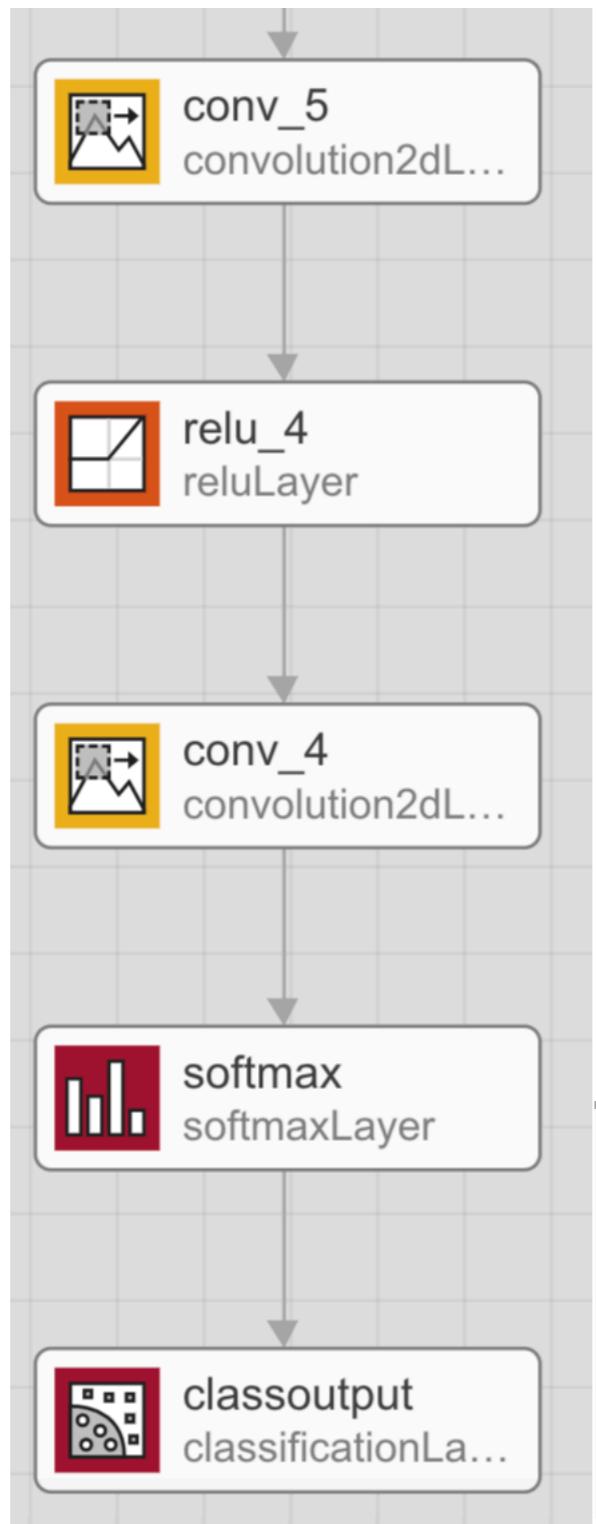
PROPERTIES

	averagePooling2dLayer
Name	avgpool2d_3
PoolSize	3,3
Stride	2,2
Padding	0,1,0,1

PROPERTIES

	reluLayer
Name	relu_3

PROPERTIES	
	convolution2dLayer
Name	conv_3
FilterSize	5,5
NumFilters	32
Stride	1,1
DilationFactor	1,1
Padding	same
Weights	[]
Bias	[]
WeightLearnRateFactor	1
WeightL2Factor	1
BiasLearnRateFactor	1
BiasL2Factor	0
WeightsInitializer	glorot
BiasInitializer	zeros
PROPERTIES	
	averagePooling2dLayer
Name	avgpool2d_2
PoolSize	3,3
Stride	2,2
Padding	0,1,0,1



PROPERTIES	
	convolution2dLayer
Name	conv_5
FilterSize	4,4
NumFilters	64
Stride	1,1
DilationFactor	1,1
Padding	0,0,0,0
Weights	[]
Bias	[]
WeightLearnRateFactor	1
WeightL2Factor	1
BiasLearnRateFactor	1
BiasL2Factor	0
WeightsInitializer	glorot
BiasInitializer	zeros

PROPERTIES	
	reluLayer

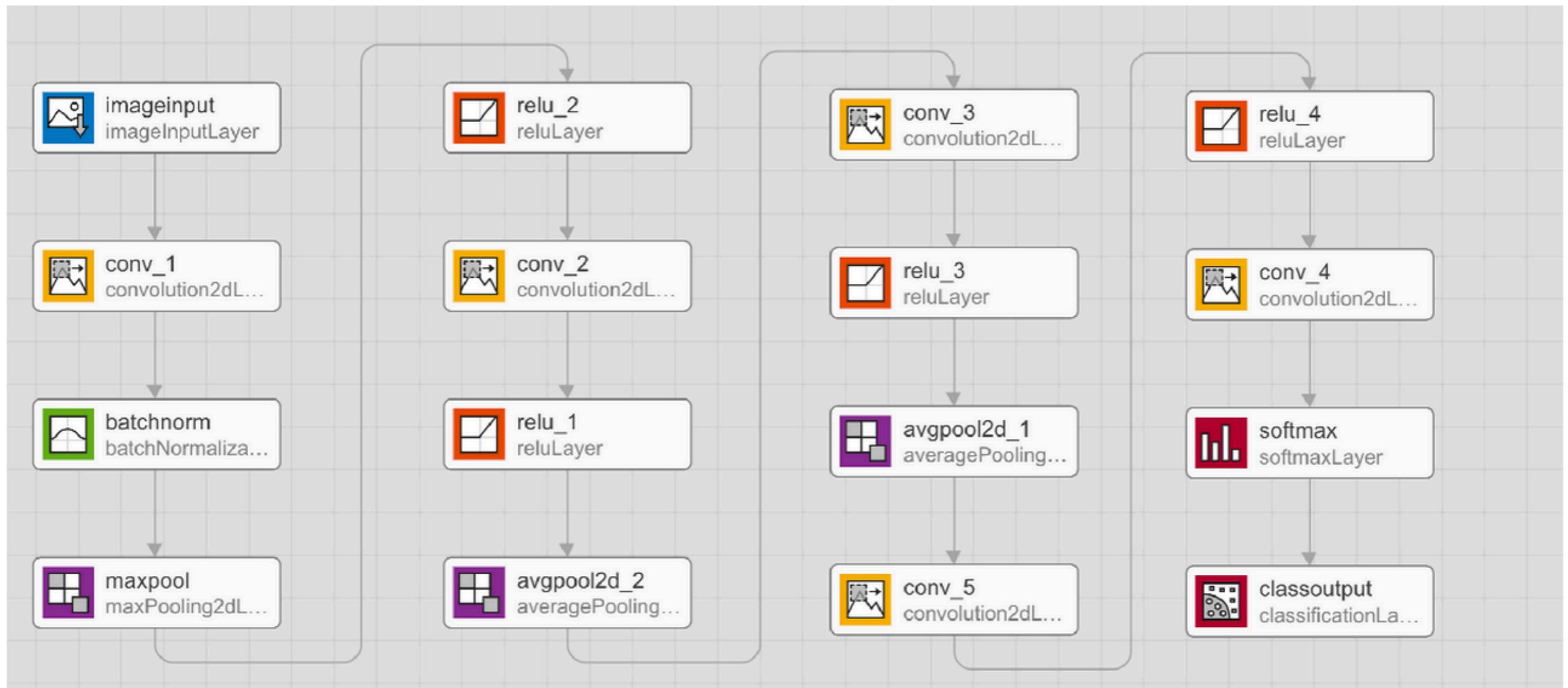
Name	relu_4
------	--------

PROPERTIES	
	convolution2dLayer
Name	conv_4
FilterSize	1,1
NumFilters	10
Stride	1,1
DilationFactor	1,1
Padding	0,0,0,0
Weights	[]
Bias	[]
WeightLearnRateFactor	1
WeightL2Factor	1
BiasLearnRateFactor	1
BiasL2Factor	0
WeightsInitializer	glorot
BiasInitializer	zeros

PROPERTIES	
	softmaxLayer

Name	softmax
------	---------

PROPERTIES	
	classificationLayer
Name	classoutput
Classes	auto
OutputSize	auto
LossFunction	crossentropyex



```
load layers_3.mat  
load data.mat  
load labels.mat  
  
XTrain=data;  
YTrain=labels;  
YTrain=categorical(YTrain');  
idx = randperm(size(XTrain,4),10000);  
XValidation = XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx(1:9000));  
Xtest = XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx(9001:10000));  
XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx) = [];  
YValidation = YTrain(idx(1:9000));  
Ytest = YTrain(idx(9001:10000));  
YTrain(idx) = [];
```

TRAINING

```
imageSize = [32 32 3];  
augimds = augmentedImageDatastore(imageSize,XTrain,YTrain);  
  
options = trainingOptions('sgdm', ...  
    'MaxEpochs',15, ...  
    'Shuffle','every-epoch', ...  
    'Plots','training-progress', ...  
    'Verbose',false, ...  
    'ValidationData',{XValidation,YValidation}, ...  
    'ExecutionEnvironment','cpu');  
  
net = trainNetwork(augimds,layers_3,options);  
YPred = classify(net,Xtest);  
correct1 = sum(YPred==Ytest)/1000
```

```
load layers_3.mat
load data.mat
load labels.mat

XTrain=data;
YTrain=labels;
YTrain=categorical(YTrain');
idx = randperm(size(XTrain,4),10000);
XValidation = XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx(1:9000));
Xtest = XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx(9001:10000));
XTrain(:,:,:,:,idx) = [];
YValidation = YTrain(idx(1:9000));
Ytest = YTrain(idx(9001:10000));
YTrain(idx) = [];

imageSize = [32 32 3];
augimds = augmentedImageDatastore(imageSize,XTrain,YTrain);

options = trainingOptions('sgdm', ...
    'MaxEpochs',15, ...
    'Shuffle','every-epoch', ...
    'Plots','training-progress', ...
    'Verbose',false, ...
    'ValidationData',{XValidation,YValidation}, ...
    'ExecutionEnvironment','cpu');

net = trainNetwork(augimds,layers_3,options);
YPred = classify(net,Xtest);
correct1 = sum(YPred==Ytest)/1000
```

TESTING