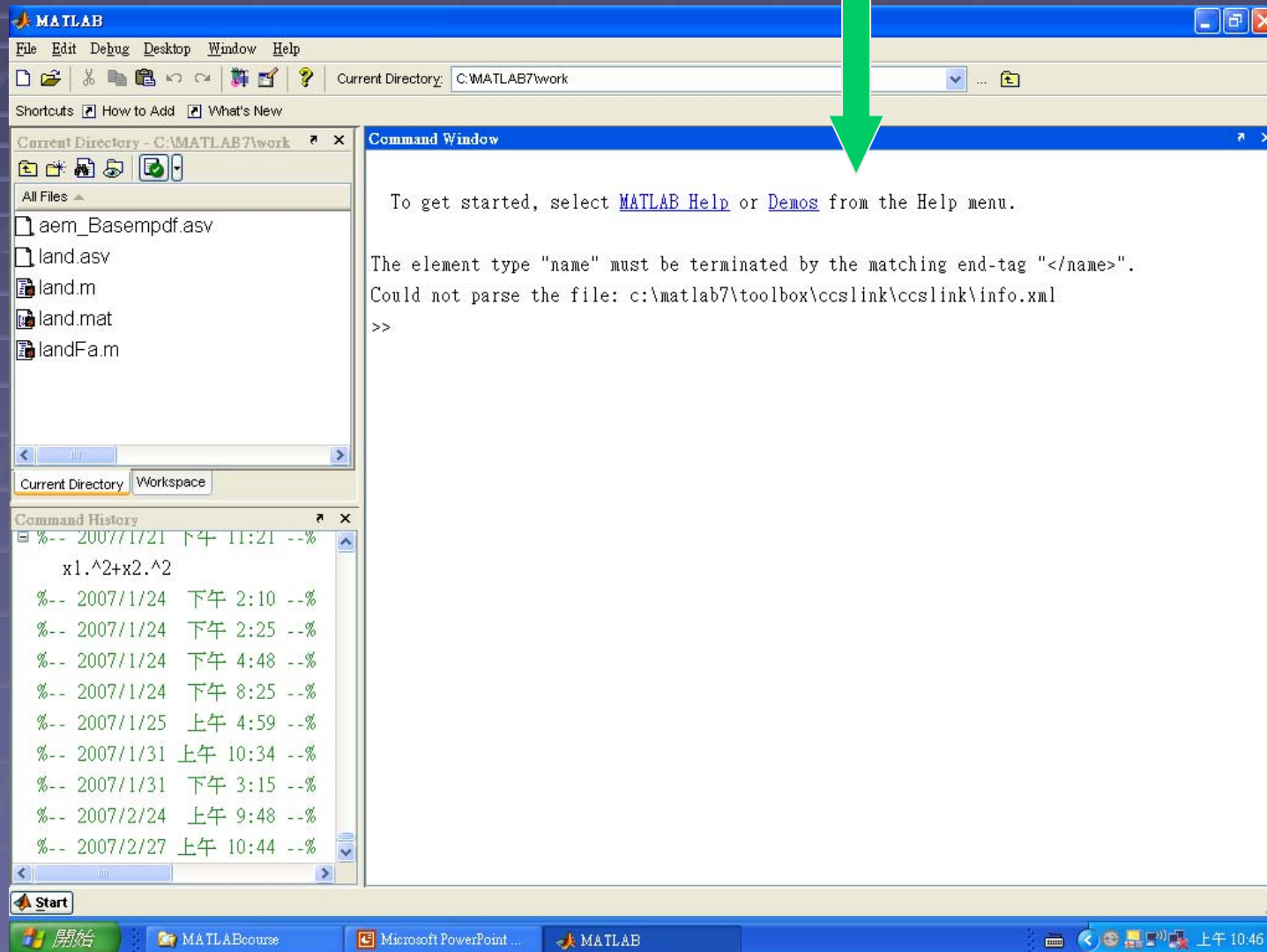


# MATLAB Starting

- Interactive computing environment
  - Command window
  - Workspace window
  - MAT file

# Command window



# Interactive computing environment

- Give instructions directly in command window for evaluation of mathematic expressions
- Ex.
  - $\sin(2*\pi)+\cos(3*\pi)$
  - $1.01^3 + 1.01^2 + 1.01$

# Math expression

```
>> sin(2*pi)+cos(3*pi)
```

```
ans =
```

```
-1.0000000000000000
```

# Expression

```
>> 1.01^3+1.01^2+1.01
```

```
ans =
```

```
3.060401000000000
```

# A set of instructions

```
x=sin(2*pi)+cos(3*pi)+0.01;x^3+x^2+x^1
```

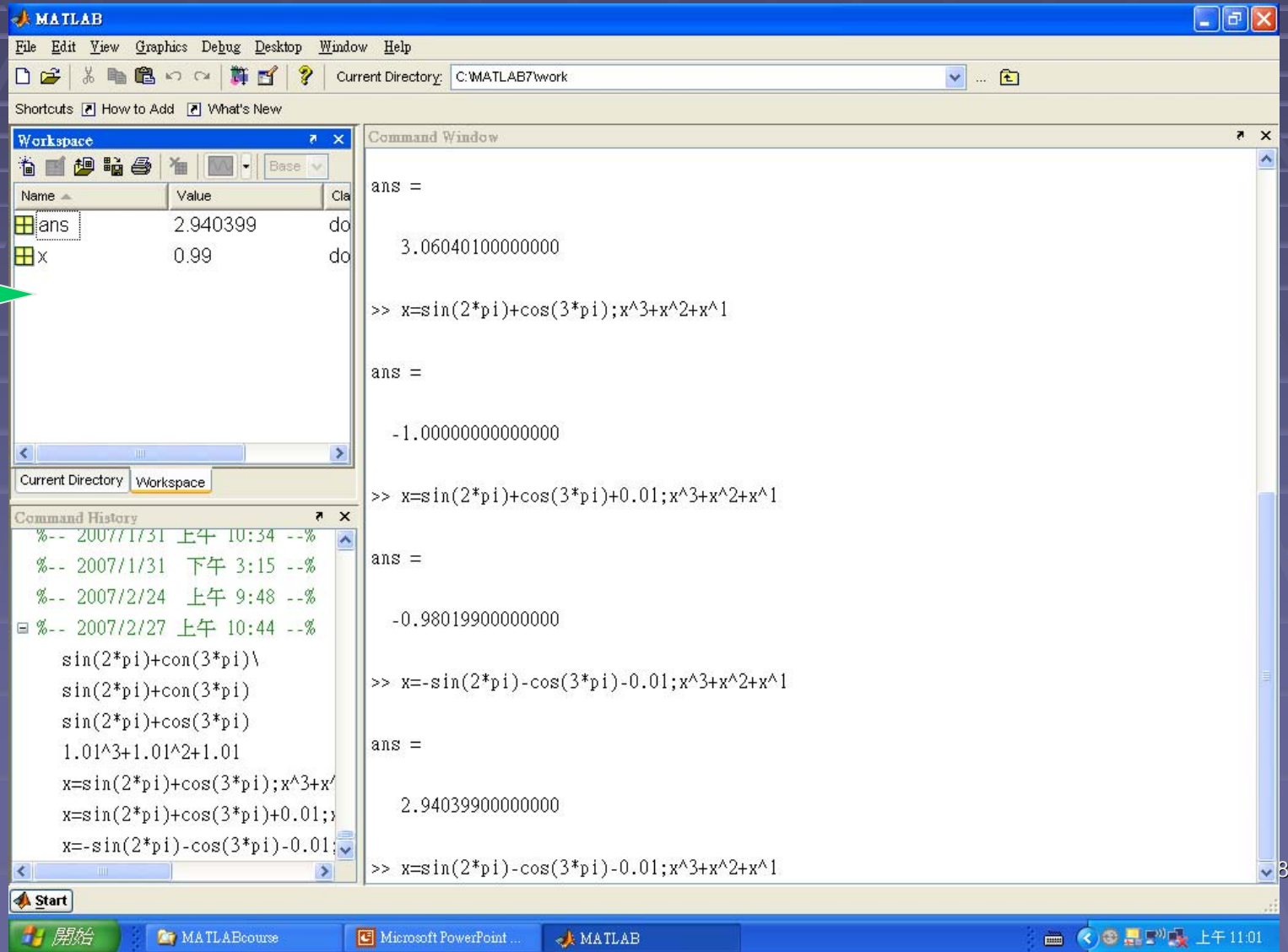
```
ans =
```

```
-0.9801990000000000
```

# Instruction

- Validity
  - Infix expression:  $2+3*5$
  - Not prefix expression:  $+(*(3\ 5)\ 2)$
- Operator
  - $+, -, *, /, ^$
- Operand
  - Variables and constants
  - Outputs of built-in functions
  - Outputs of User created functions

# Work space



The image shows the MATLAB software interface. The title bar reads "MATLAB". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "Graphics", "Debug", "Desktop", "Window", and "Help". The "Current Directory" is set to "C:\MATLAB7\work".

The "Workspace" window displays a table of variables:

Name	Value	Class
ans	2.940399	double
x	0.99	double

A green arrow points to the "ans" variable in the workspace table.

The "Command Window" shows the following commands and outputs:

```
ans =  
3.060401000000000  
  
>> x=sin(2*pi)+cos(3*pi);x^3+x^2+x^1  
  
ans =  
-1.000000000000000  
  
>> x=sin(2*pi)+cos(3*pi)+0.01;x^3+x^2+x^1  
  
ans =  
-0.980199000000000  
  
>> x=-sin(2*pi)-cos(3*pi)-0.01;x^3+x^2+x^1  
  
ans =  
2.940399000000000  
  
>> x=sin(2*pi)-cos(3*pi)-0.01;x^3+x^2+x^1
```

The "Command History" window shows a list of recent commands and their execution times, including the commands entered in the Command Window.

The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the Start button, "開始", and several open applications: "MATLABcourse", "Microsoft PowerPoint...", and "MATLAB". The system clock shows "上午 11:01".



# Work space

- Visible variables in workspace window
- A matrix is typically represented as a variable
- A variable has its size, which can be retrieved by the built-in function
  - `size( )`

# Matrix size

```
size(x)
```

```
ans =
```

```
1 1
```

# Matrix size

```
>> x=[1 2;3 4;5 6]
```

```
x =
```

```
1 2  
3 4  
5 6
```

# Row number

```
>> size(x,1)
```

```
ans =
```

```
3
```

# Column number

```
>> size(x,2)
```

```
ans =
```

```
2
```

# 3D matrix

- `X=ones(2,3,4);`

```
>> size(X)
```

```
ans =
```

```
2 3 4
```

# Sub-matrices of a 3D matrix

- A sub-matrix

```
>> X(:,:,1)
```

```
ans =
```

```
1 1 1  
1 1 1
```

# MAT file

- Users can save current variables in work space to an intermediate file

- Ex

```
>> save mywork x
```

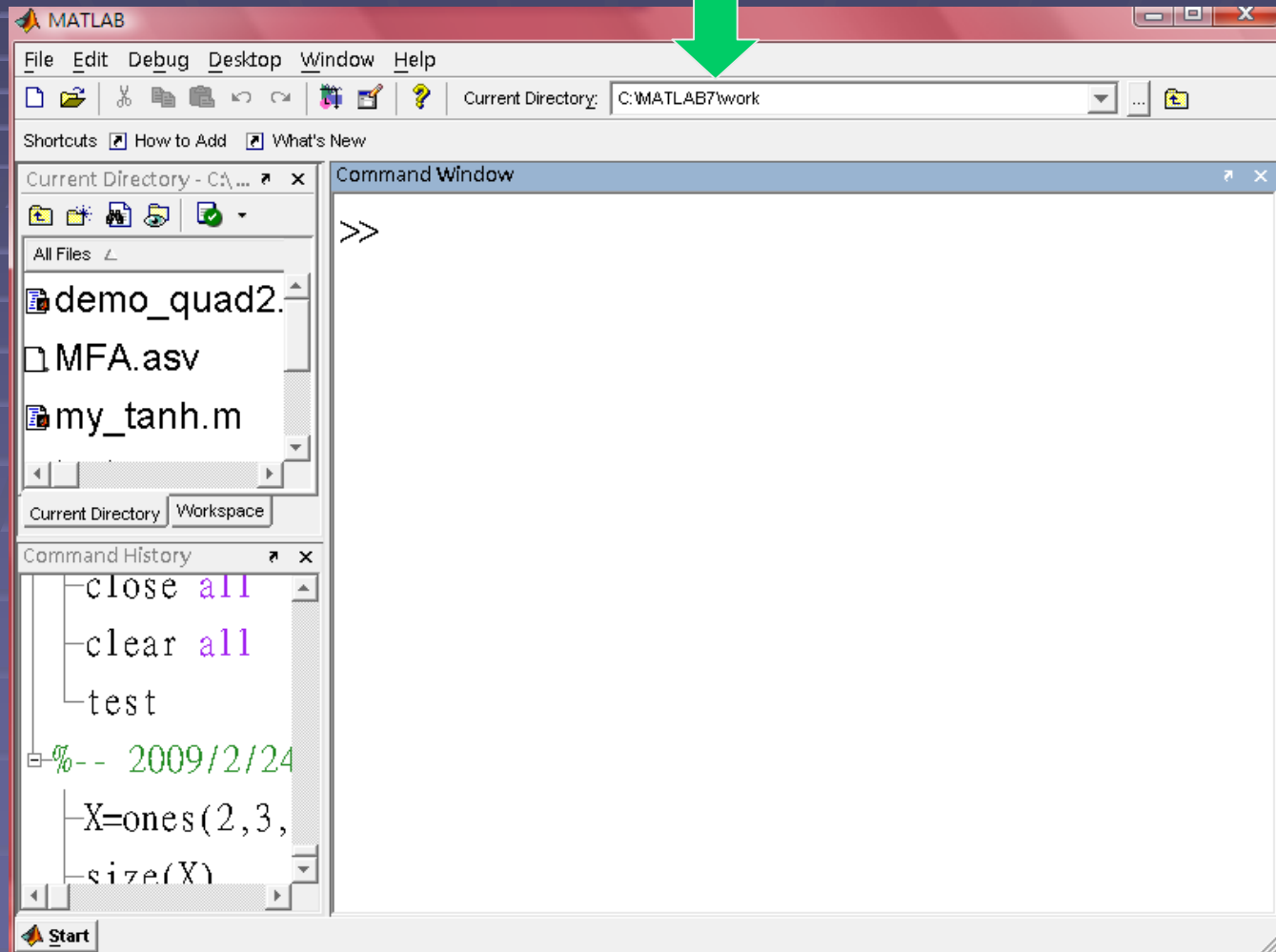
↑            ↑  
filename    Variable in work space



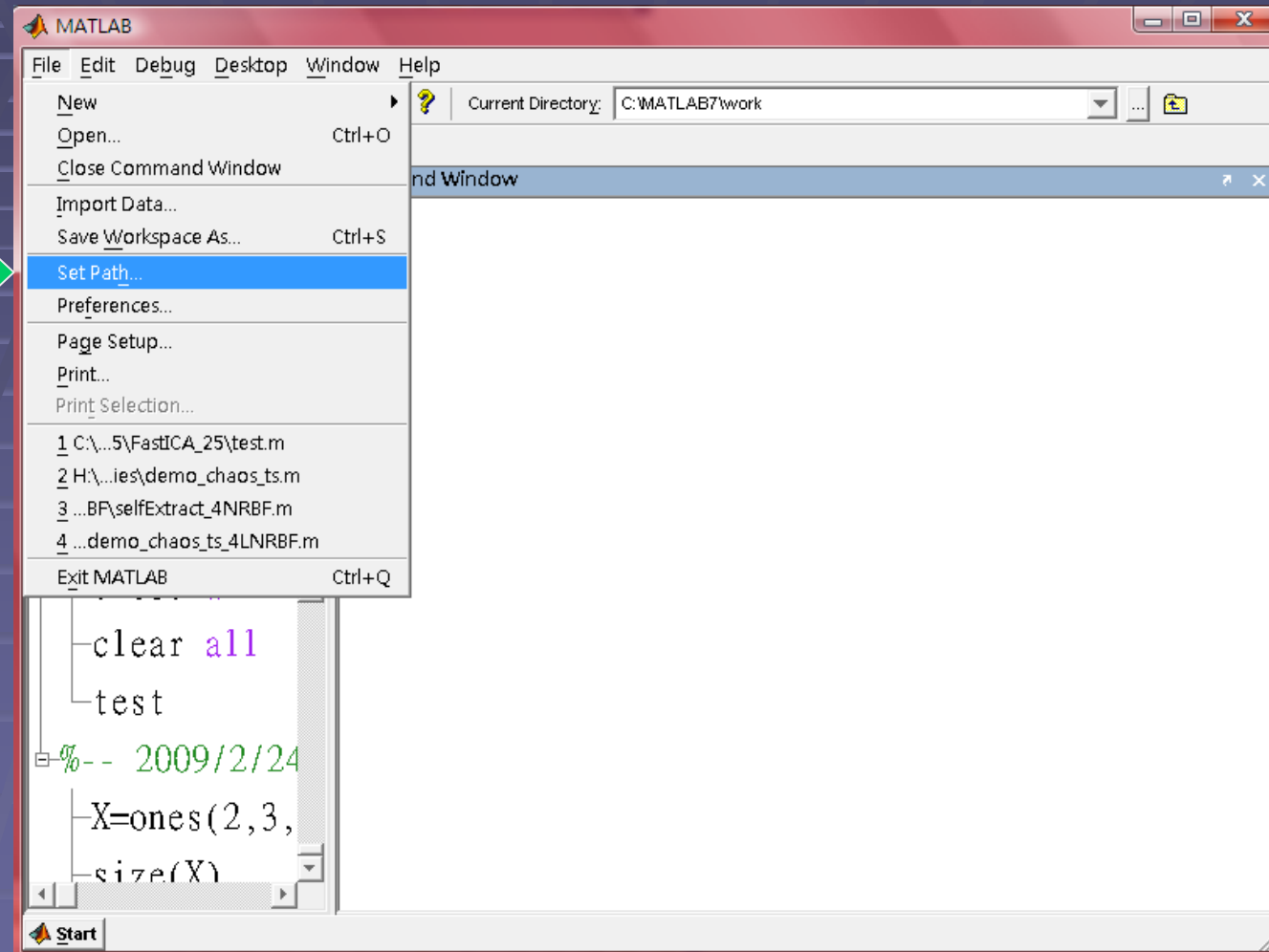
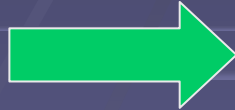
# Load MAT files

- The 'save' instruction creates mywork.mat in the current directory
- Load MAT files
  - Restore previously saved variables

# Current Directory



# SET Path



# SET PATH

- MATLAB engine seeks executable functions
  - Current path
  - Directories listed at PATH